BARR'S

ENGLISH

DAFFODILS.

AWARDED THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL AT THE SECOND GREAT DAFFODIL CONFERENCE, APRIL 15th, 1890.



THE HOME OF NARCISSUS CYCLAMINEUS.

This unique Daffodil was found wild in its largest development in wet meadows. Rev. Dr. Watson, Largs, has flowered it annually since its introduction; Rev. H. Ewbank, Isle of Wight, has it happy on a dry rockwork; Mr. G. H. Cammell, Hathersage, has it happy at the foot of a rockwork and increasing; at Kew, Mr. Dewar reported successful culture. Dr. Foster, of Cambridge, has grown it in his garden (subsoil of chalk) since 1889, and each year it has improved, and is now increasing. Mr. F. W. Burbidge has grown it successfully since 1886 in pots, frames, out-doors against a warm house, and latterly bloomed it in the grass in a damp meadow. Mr. C. J. Backhouse, of Weardale, grows it successfully all over his garden, but on rockwork the flowers are largest.

BARR & SON,

KING STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON.

Surbiton Nurseries-LONG DITTON, SURREY.

A few minutes from Surbiton Station (S.W.R.)

- Visitors invited to the Nurseries during Spring, Summer, and Autumn, to see BARR & SON'S Grand Collections of DAFFODILS, IRISES, SINGLE and DOUBLE PÆONIES, PERENNIAL SUNFLOWERS, and other Fine HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS, also many Beautiful and Interesting HARDY BULBOUS PLANTS.
- A Fine Display of CUT FLOWERS of HARDY BULBOUS and HERBACEOUS PLANTS is maintained during the Season at King Street, Covent Garden.
- BARR'S GENERAL BULB CATALOGUE FOR 1894, containing a select list of the Finest HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES, &c., and a descriptive list of CAPE and CALIFORNIAN BULBS, ready end of August, free on application.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

1. Quality. - All bulbs and plants are carefully selected.

- II. Experimental Grounds at our Surbiton Nureeries, Long Ditton, a few minutes from Surbiton Station, S.W.R. (close to the Surbiton New Recreation Grounds).—Visitors at all seasons will find many things of interest and beauty in Hardy Bulbs, Tubers, and Hardy Herbaceous Perennial Plants. In spring the brilliancy of our new Daffodils, Chionodoxas, Anemones, Tulips, etc., surpasses description. Visitors invited to enjoy the floral treat.
- III. Parcel Post.—We shall in all cases use the Parcel Post when cheapest and the articles ordered weigh under eleven pounds, and admit of being packed for safe transmission by "Parcel Post."
- IV. Carriage by Rail may be deducted at settlement of account on orders for Bulbs to any Railway Station in Great Britain, and to all ports on the Irish Coast.
- V. Ordere, paid in advance.—Carriage, in all such cases, will be prepaid.
- VI. Returned Emptiee.—A small charge is made for these, and if returned within a fortnight, allowance made for the same. Returned empties should have the sender's name on the address label for identification, and a notification should be sent by post, stating date of dispatch and name of Railway Company.
- VII. Fruit and Forest Trees, Shrubs, Plants in pots, Soils, Watson's Lawn Sand, Manures, Anti-Blight and Insecticides—on these we do not allow carriage.
- VIII. Five per cent, may be deducted from accounts if paid within one month from date of invoice,
- IX. Money Ordere and Postal Ordere to be made payable at Covent Garden Post Office; these and all cheques should be crossed "London and County Bank." Small amounts may be remitted in Postage Stamps or Coin, in a Registered Letter.
- X. 13 Naming Daffodile.—Cut specimens of Daffodils we undertake to name correctly, at the charge of 6d. each, 25. 6d. per dozen, 155. per 100, to cover attendant expenses. Address all cut specimens to be named, accompanied by a remittance, to our Nursery, Long Ditton, Kingston-on-Thames, Surrey.
- XI. Cut Daffodil Flowers.-When in bloom out-of-doors, cut specimens of Daffodils, correctly named, we forward post-paid at a moderate charge, to cover attendant expenses, thus offering a good opportunity to those who wish to extend their knowledge of these lovely flowers of spring. If a list of the varieties possessed by the sender is enclosed, such sorts will be omitted; the names sent in such cases should range in column fashion and alphabetical order. A remittance should accompany the order.

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30 Cut Daffodil flowers in 30 varieties..... 6/6
12 Cut Daffodil flowers in 12 varieties..... 2/6
36 ,, ,, in 12 ,, ..... 6/-
18 ,, ,, in 18 ,, ..... 3/6
                                                                                                       ,, in 30
                                                                           90 ,,
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                                                                                                                                ..... 12/6
                                                                         50 ,,
                                                                                                             in 50
                                                      ••••
      ;, in 18 ,, ...... 8/6 | 150 ,, ..... ;, in 50 ,, ......
Cut Daffodil flowere (without names) in variety, for decoration, 5/6, 7/6 & 10/6 per 100.
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- XII. Daffodil Illustrations and Coloured Plates can be had, post-free, at following charges-
 - No. 1. Two large uncoloured Illustrations—one representing a Group of Yellow Trumpet Daffodils, and the other a Group of White Trumpet Daffodils—drawn and arranged for the "Gardeners' Chronicle" by Agnes Barr. The two Plates for 1s. 6d.
 No. 2. Beautiful Coloured Plate of a Group of White Trumpet Daffodiss.
 No. 3. Beautiful Coloured Plate of Daffodils, representing Incomparabilis Gloria Mundi, Incomparabilis Princes Mercy and Legal Barting.

Princess Mary, and Leedsii Beatrice.

- No. 4. Beautiful Coloured Plate of Daffodil Bicolor Horsfieldii. 1s.
 No. 5. Beautiful Coloured Plate of Daffodils, representing Cyclamineus (the Cyclamen-flowered Daffodil) and Triandrus albus (Angel's Tears Daffodil). 1s.
 No. 6. Beautiful Coloured Plate of Daffodils, representing a Group of Poeticus and Burbidgei varieties. 1s.
 No. 7. Beautiful Coloured Plate of a Group of Daffodils, including Cernuus pulcher, Johnstonii, Queen of Spain, Bicolor J. B. M. Camm, Leedsii Superbus, Nelsoni varieties, etc. 1s.
 No. 8. Coloured Plate of a Group of Barr's Beautiful New Daffodil "Queen of Spain," 62.
- With Orders for Daffodil Bulbs to value 21s. and upwards, the Two Illustrations, No. 1 will be presented; also with Daffodil orders 42s. and upwards, No. 1 and No. 3; Daffodil orders 63s. and upwards, No. 1, No. 3, And No. 7; Daffodil orders 55s. and upwards, No. 1, No. 3, No. 5, and No. 7.
- N.B.—A few copies still remain of "Ye Daffodyl," price 15. This is a record of the First Daffodil Conference, 1884, with a complete descriptive list of all known Daffodils, ancient and modern. See page 17.
- XIII. Barr's Daffodil Prize Medals for 1895, to be awarded by the Royal Horticultural Society, 117, Victoria Street, Westminster, London. The Secretary of the Royal Horticultural Society will supply dates of exhibitions, and make entries, and take charge of exhibits sent from distant parts. Exhibitors residing within a reasonable distance of London are required to attend to their own exhibits. All entries to be made three clear days in advance of the day of exhibition, which is a Tuesday, and should be posted on a Friday, addressed Mr. A. F. Barron, R.H.S. Gardens, Chiswick, London.
- Feb.—Beet Collection of Forced Daffodils (Polyanthus Narcissi excluded). Open to all classes of exhibitors.

 Award—Barr'e Large Silver Medal.
 - Best Seedling Daffodil (not yet in commerce), raised in England, Scotland, or Ireland, and shown during the season, accompanied by the history of its origin. (Not a Polyanthus Narcissus.) Open. Award—Barr's Silver Floral Medal. (This Prize may be competed for at any meeting of the Daffodil Committee, the last being in May, when the Award will be declared to the best specimen which has been exhibited during the season.) been exhibited during the season.)
- March (First March Meeting). -Best Collection of Forced Daffodils (Polyanthus Narcissi excluded). Open. Award—Barr's Large Silver Medal.
- March (Second March Meeting).—Collection of Daffodils (Polyanthus Narcissi excluded). Open. 1st Prize—Barr's Large Silver Medal. 2nd Prize—Barr'e Small Silver Medal. 3rd Prize—Barr'e Large Bronze Medal. 4th Prize—Barr's Small Bronze Medal.
- April (First April Meeting). Same Prizes as offcred for Second Meeting in March. Open. April Second April Meeting).—Same Prizes as offered for Second Meeting in March. Omay (First May Meeting).—Same Prizes as offered for Second Meeting in March. Open.
- Barr's Silver Daffodil Cup, specially designed by Mr. H. G. Moon, to be awarded Spring, 1895. Particulars on application.

BARR'S

ENGLISH

HARDY DAFFODILS,

FOR SPRING-FLOWERING IN OR OUT OF DOORS.

Awarded the only Gold Medal at the Daffodil Conference, April 15th, 1890.

The Collection of Hardy Daffodils from which this Select List has been compiled, embraces no fewer than 500 species and varieties, and is not only the largest Assortment in existence of this beautiful family, but is the most extensive Collection ever got together.

Visitors are invited to Inspect BARR'S DAFFODILS in flower during March, April, and May, at their NURSERIES, LONG DITTON, close to the Surbiton new Recreation Grounds and SURBITON STATION, South Western Railway, from Waterloo direct, or from any Station on the Metropolitan District Lines of Rail, changing at Wimbledon for Surbiton.

(GENERAL BULB CATALOGUE, Free on Application, of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocuses, Snowdrops, Chionodoxas, Snowflakes, Scillas, Lilies of the Valley, Dielytras, Spiræas, English Irises, Spanish Irises, Species of Irises, Ixias, Sparaxis, Tritonias, Babianas, Ranunculus, Anemones, Cyclamen, Hyacinthus candicans, Gladioli, Amaryllis, and a Choice Collection of Beautiful and Rare Bulbs and Tuberous-rooted Plants flowering at various seasons.)

CONTENTS.

Part I.—Revised List of Hardy Beantiful Daffodils, embracing High-class and Distinct Varieties only, omitting many of the earlier introductions which have been superseded by finer kinds at equally moderate prices (see pages 4 to 14).

(Prize Medals awarded for cut Daffodils. - See Special Notices.)

For the convenience of purchasers we have had the names of the Daffodils set up in Type of three sizes. The highest class, and most distinct, in the LARGEST TYPE; the next in quality the SMALLER TYPE; and the lower quality in the SMALLEST TYPE.

Barr's Daffodils: what the Gar- dening Papers, etc., say of them 2	Hume's Hybrid Daffodils 10 Backhouse's ,, ,, 10	Double Odorus Daffodils 11 Burbidge's Hybrid ,, 12
Culture of Daffodils	Neison's ,, ,, 11 Macleay's ,, ,, 11 Bernard's ,, ,, 11	Poet's Early-flowering , 12 Poet's Late-flowering , 13 Gardenia-flowered , 13
Hoop Petticoat Daffodils 5 Ajax or Trumpet ,, 5	Tridymus, 3-crowned Hybrid 11 Odorus, Large Jonquil-Daffodil 11	The Graceful Rush-leaved, 13 Sweet-scented Jonquil , 13
Nonsuch or Chalice-Cupped,, 8 Barr's Hybrid Daffodils 9	Triandrus (Angel's Tears) ,, 11 Triandrus calathinus ,, 11	Intermedius, small Tazetta ,, 13 Primrose Peerless ,, 13
Leeds' , , 10 Mountain , , 10	Juncifolius, Rush-leaved ,, 11 Rupioola Daffodil 11 Double Nonsuch Daffodils 11	Schizanthesand Muzart's ,, 13 Dubius Daffodil

A List of CHARMING SMALL FLOWERED DAFFODILS for pots and rockwork, page 13.

A Special List of CHEAP DAFFODILS FOR NATURALIZATION, page 13.

Part II.—A Selection of Rare and Beautiful Crocus Species—Autumn, Winter, and Spring-flowering; also various Beautiful Autumn-flowering Bulbs (pages 15 & 16).

REDUCING THE LIST OF DAFFODILS which is appended to "Ye Narcissus or Daffodil," a brochure, by F. W. B., of the first Daffodil Conference, 1884. For particulars, see page 17.

BARR'S

HARDY DAFFODILS, DAFFADILLIES, DAFFODOWNDILLIES.

To these was Awarded the only Gold Medal of the Daffodil Conference, held in the Chiswick Gardens of the Royal Horticultural Society, April 15th, 1890.

Extract from "The Gardeners' Magazine," 19th April, 1890.

The Editor (the late Mr. Shirley Hilberd) remarks, "Daffodils will never cease to give delight, will never cease to be collected, and enlitivated, and exhibited, and talked about, for, with all our wealth of hardy spring flowers, this group of heanties is unequalled for splendonr of appearance, and all the qualities of a spring flower that engage the moral nature in a series of wholesome sympathies, to augment the delight that hegins in the eye.

Extract from "The Gardeners' Chronicle," April 12th, 1890.

"THE DAFFODIL KING."

"There will be few, if any, who will be disposed to question the right of Mr. Peter Barr to this designation. Previous to his accession, Daffodils were few in number. Gerard and Parkinson and Dr. Hill [Hale's Eden] knew a few varieties. Later on Haworth entered the arena. Dean Herhert, whose merits as a hotanist are hetter appreciated by his successors than they were by his contemporaries, experimented with them. Leeds and Backhouse and Nelson won repute as hybridists. But in spite of these lahonrers, those who can look back twenty or twenty-five years will remember that the sorts generally known and cultivated could be counted by units, whereas scores or even hundreds would now be required. What originally induced Mr. Barr to take up the subject we do not know; certain it is that he has taken it up with the indomitable zeal of an enthusiast. Putting commercial considerations on one side, as of secondary importance, he, though a mau of business, has allowed himself to be governed by his love of Daffodils, and has spared neither labour nor money in their collection. He has made long and tedious journeys in rough countries in quest of his favourite plants. On these occasions his couch has not seldom been the rock, the sky his coverlet. Nor has collection heen his only aim. Study of their peculiarities has heen, and is, a perfect passion with him. Ohservation and research are continually increasing his store of knowledge, for truly nothing relating to Daffodils is foreign to Mr. Barr."

Extract from the "Journal of Horticulture," May 14th, 1891.

BARR'S DAFFODILS.

"Daffodils from Barr's are to be found in gardensall over the kingdom and far heyond its shores, but Barr's own Daffodils are only to be seen in all their diverse beauty at Long Ditton, in Surrey. Thither do specialists and lovers of this great family of spring flowers wend their way in the season, not only to admire the floral feast, but to gain information, and study the characters of the different varieties under the guidance of the Master. Mr. Barr is a Master of Daffodils in a double sense-first as the possessor of the finest collection in the world, and secondly hy the great knowledge he bas acquired through research, travel, and a long and critical observation. The Daffodil fields are nowabout ten minutes' walk from Surbiton Station on the London and South Western Railway, reached in about twenty minutes by express from Waterloo. There are fifteen acres, and at the least half the ground is closely planted with 500 species and varieties of the flowers, with several of which Mr. Barr's name will be associated for generations to come.

Extracted from the "Daily News," March 27th, 1893.

DAFFODOWNDILLIES.

"You are a little early," says Mr. W. Barr, as he leads the way out into the open grounds at Long Ditton, already ablaze with colonr—"a little early. In a fortuight's time we shall have more to show you."

It is just as well to be a little early. The flowers that are coming on, and have already got their advance guards flaunting their silken banners on the spring winds, are a checrier sight than those same flowers when they have reached the zenith of their beauty, and have begun to show signs of exhaustion and decline. And the Daffodils themselves are early this year-the

Daffodils

That come before the swallow dares, and take The winds of March with beauty.

Already they are out here by the thousand-hy-and-hye they will be out by the million-and a pleasant thing it

has been in sauntering along from the station at Surbiton to peep through the ragged hawthorn bedge, itself just bursting into spring verdure, and see the yellow blossoms shimmering over a carpet of fresh green, and dancing to the music of the larks soaring and carolling up into the blue that is hardly so intense overhead as are the streets of Scillas and Chionodoxas now in full glory. What an invigorating, life-giving thing it is to get out here away from all the strife and turmoil of the town, and to listen to the birds, and the fitful roar of the winds in the naked clms, and to watch the cloud shadows and sunheams gamholling over the springing turf and the brown clods and the woods and bedgerows! How easy it is to be a philosopher ont here-to sit on a five-barred gate and pour contempt on the pitiful wire-puller, stock johbing, money grabbing, self-seeking, glory bunting that is going ou in the crowded city yonder.

"A little carly," says Mr. W. Barr, "hnt come along," and he leads the way out into the grounds, where five acres of Daffodils will soon be all affaunt—great Trumpet Daffodils and Hoop Petticoated Daffodils, and Snow Whites and Tenhy Yellows, and "Angels' Tears," and Poets' Narcissus, and Golden Spurs, and Mountain Daffodils, and tiny wee things not so big as a cowslip. Already they are ont here in great sheets of luscious colonr, and some of them delicately perfumed, and with larks over one's head, and thrushes and starlings warhling around, it is so pleasant to stride about the heds here, to make intimate acquaintance with these lusty trumpeters to the coming floral hosts, and to feel that, under the tnition of an expert, you are rapidly yourself becoming a datfodilidarian, or whatever may be the proper term by which to dub one who knows all about Daffodil flowers.

[Barr and Son,

This is what Mr. William Robinson said about Daffodils and their adaptation, in his Paper at the Conference on Hardy Flowers, Chiswick, July 7 and 8, 1891.

"The most important of all early flowers is the Narcissus. Five years ago I planted many thousands in the grass, the most important heing the Star Narcissus (N. incomparabilis, &c.) in great variety. They have thriven admirably, flowered well and regularly, and the flowers are large and handsome. In open rich heavy bottoms, along hedgerows, in quite open loamy fields, in every position I have tried them. They are delightful when seen near at hand, and also effective in the picture. Good results could be obtained with the fluer kinds of Narcissi hy wood walks and open copses, which ahound in so many English country places. With the common English, Irish and Scotch Daffodils I bave had good results, thriving better, and flowering much handsomer than the wild plant—not uncommon in Sussex and many other parts of England. The Tenby Daffodil is very sturdy and pretty, and never fails us. A very delightful feature of the Narcissus meadow gardening is the way great groups in succession follow each other. When the Star Narcissi (N. incomparabilis, &c.) begin to fade a little in their beauty, the Poets' Narcissi follow, and as I write this paper (in May) we have the most beantiful picture I have ever seen in cultivation. Five years ago I cleared a little valley of various fences, and so opened a pretty view. Through this runs a streamlet, and we grouped the Poets' Narcissus near it, and in a little orchard that lay near, and through a grove of Oaks. We have had some beauty every year since, but this year the whole landscape was a picture, such as one might see in an Alpine valley! The flowers were large and heautiful when seen near at hand, and the effect in the distance was delightful."

CULTURE, ADAPTATION, ETC., OF THE DAFFODIL.

Daffodils are the most graceful and beautiful of all hardy Spring flowers; they have for centuries adorned our gardens, and withstood uninjured our severest winters better than any other flower of spring.

gardens, and withstood uninjured our severest winters better than any other flower of spring.

For beds, mixed horders and shrubberies, the Daffodil surpasses all spring flowers in heauty and for general effect, and when it is maturalized in orchards, woodland walks, sloping banks, meadows, margins of lakes and ponds, the effect is superb. All Daffodils may be naturalized, that the strong growers make the finest display, and include such sorts as Emperor, Empress, Horsfieldii, many of the white trumpet varieties, all the Incomparabilis, Barrii, Leedsii, Backhousei, Nelsoni, Bernardi, Tridymus, Odorus, Burbidgei, Poeticus, etc. Many sorts which do not thrive in gardens will succeed naturalized, and we advise that those kinds which do not take kindly to garden culture he removed to the orchard, meadow or hedgerow. In such places the ubble flowers of the Daffodil are seen to great advantage. The slender and dwarf-growing sorts, Nanns, Minimus, Juncifolius, Triandrus, Corbularias, Cyclamineus, etc., do well on rockwork, and select places in grass; Minimus, Juncifolius, and Triandrus are found wild in mountain pastures where the soil is shallow and firm; Corbularia and Cyclamineus where the soil is shallow and firm; Corbularia and Cyclamineus where the soil is soft and wet in winter and spring, but dry in summer. For culture under glass, 3 to 6 bulbs of the strong growing sorts cultivated in a pot, the effect is splendid; of the dwarf growing kinds enumerated 6 to 18 bulbs in a pot give a fine effect, and charming as edgings.

Duffodil flowers can be had from January to June, firstly, by planting early, in pots or hoxes to force, and, secondly, hy planting out doors, in succession, from September to Christmas. These late plantings give beautiful flowers in May.

Out-of-doors the various kinds of Daffodils form a natural succession. In mild seasons, N. Pallidus præcox and N. Obvallaris flower early in February, and are followed by others in succession.

In arranging Daffodils for effect in the flower garden, or in potting up for indoor decoration, let it be borne in mind they form a natural succession, which is fully explained under the beading of each group, and simply noticed bere to draw attention to the fact. First, the Trumpet Daffodils are the earliest. Second, Incomparabilis, Barrii, Leedsii, Odorus, Triandrus, Early-flowering Poeticus, and Burbidgeis. Trump, Nelsoni, Tridymus, Backhousei, Bernardi, and Jouquils. Fourarm, Bildorus, late-flowering Poeticus and Burbidgeis, Schizzathes and Gracilis. In the middle season, representatives from all the groups may be found in bloom at the same time, therefore, those who can make but one visit, should do so in April.

The Daffodils named in the following pages, comprise all the best sorts in commerce. They consist mostly of varieties we have introduced, raised by the late Mr. William Backhonse, and known as the "Weardale Daffodils," also by the late Mr. Edward Leeds, and known as the "Longford Bridge Daffodils." These New Daffodils became the property of Mr. Peter Barr, who classed and named them. A complete descriptive list of all Daffodils known to exist from the days of Parkinsou to 1834 is appended to a brochure of the First Daffodil Conference, by F. W. B., and entitled "Ye Narcissus or Daffodyl," price is.

CULTURE AND ADAPTATION OUT OF DOORS.—The Daffodil may be grown in any soil and situation, but thrives best in a fertile well drained loam (avoid manure as much as possible), and, in the warmer parts of England, when possible, plant in a situation facing north or north-east, protected from north or north-east winds. In planting, the top of the bulb should be about two to three inches below the surface, according to its size; in permanent beds, etc., summer flowers may be cultivated over the bulbs. For beds use the large-flowering trumpet and Incomparabilis varieties, also Barrii, Leedsii, Nelsoni, Burbidgei, etc.; for edgings, use the dwarf growing kinds, Cyclamineus, Minor, Nanus, Minimus, Triandrus albus, Juncifolius, and Corbularias.

CULTURE AND ADAPTATION INDOORS.—Use three to six hulbs of strong-growing sorts, according to size of hulb, for a 4 or 5-inch pot; small-growing kinds, such as N. Minimus, Namus, Minor, Cyclamineus, Triandrus, Juncifolius, and Corbularia, a greater number of bulbs should be used. These dwarf-growing, small-flowered species are most charming in pots. If Daffodils are grown for cutting early in the season, plant thickly, in boxes of 15 inches by 10, and 5 to 6 inches deep, using ordinary potting soil. The pots or boxes should then be placed out of doors, on a bed of ashes, and covered with 6 inches of the same material, or with cocon fibre, if it can be had. The pots or boxes to remain out of doors till full of roots, and top growth has commenced. Portions may then be removed indoors, in succession, to a moist forcing-house, and plentifully supplied with water, care being taken that the plants do not get drawn, from an insufficient supply of air.

A selection of Daffodils for succession out of doors the plants do not get drawn, from an insufficient supply of air.

A selection of Daffodis for succession out-of-doors should consist of varieties from the three groups. The Trumpet and Corbularia Sectious flower, one variety following the other, from February till May. The Nonsuch and the other hybrid sections begin flowering in March, and succeed each other till May. The Burbidge's Daffodis, the Poet's, the Buuch-flowered, etc., commence flowering early in April, and furnish a succession of blossoms till June. When grown under glass, all the Daffodis flower probably a month earlier than the periods above named.

Cut blooms of Daffodils are always acceptable, and are in abundance out-of-doors at a season when other flowers are scarce. They supplement and associate admirably with hot-house flowers. For upwards of twenty years, for three mouths in Spring, cut flowers from our collection of Daffodils have heen exhibited at the various Loudous Flower Shows and Fortnightly Meetings of the ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, also at the Spring Flower Shows held at the ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS, CRYSTAL PALACE, ROYAL AQUARIUM, and other places in town and country.

At the above-named places we have been awarded numerous Gold and Silver Medals, Prizes, Certificates, Votes of Thanks, etc. Our Grand Display of Daffodils at the Second Great Daffodil Conference, held April 15th, 1890, was awarded the ONLY GOLD MEDAL.

12 and 13 King St., Covent Garden, 1894.]

BARR'S PRIZE MEDALS OFFERED FOR CUT DAFFODIL FLOWERS, February, March, April, and May, 1895, see Special Notices, page 2 cover.

SELECTIONS OF

BARR'S High Class & Distinct Hardy DAFFODILS (NARCISSI), EMBRACING GROUPS MAGNI-CORONATI, MEDIO-CORONATI, and PARVI-CORONATI.

The varieties in these assortments consist largely of the fine hybrids and varieties raised by the late Mr. William Backhouse and Mr. Edward Leeds. They are all distinct one from the other, so that buyers cannot Mr. William Backnouse and Mr. Edward Lecus. They are all distinct one from the soften, so that busy each fail to be fully satisfied with them. Daffodils in these assortments may all be used for pot-culture or forced for cut flowers, or planted in beds, in flower borders, naturalized in grass, in woodland walks, orchards, by streams, lakes, etc., the effect in Spring far surpassing that of any other family of plants.

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SELECTIONS OF SMALL FLOWERED DAFFODILS.

				For pot	-culture these are very bea	utiful :	in-de	ors,	ano	t on	rockwork	most charming.
20.6	each	of	10 1	varietie	g	. 21/.	7	eacl	n of	10	varieties	7/6.
15			10			. 16/.	5		11	10	2.3	
10	>>	,,	10	11		. 11/6.	3	11	,,	10	11	4/-

SELECTIONS OF INEXPENSIVE DAFFODILS.

EMBRACING GROUPS MAGNI-CORONATI, MEDIO-CORONATI, and PARVI-CORONATI. To plant in Grass, Orchards, Woodland Walks, Shrubberies, and by Streams and Lakes.

Choice mixed Daffodils of many sorts for naturalizationper 1000, 30/; per 100, 4/6.

21/;

The Peerless Daffodils, or Chalice-cupped Star Narcissi, mixed colours (Incomparabilis, Barrii, and Leedsii varieties) for naturalization in grass, &c. The grand effect of these light graceful Daffodils must be seen to be realized as naturalized plants. Their value as cut flowers for bouquets and vases cannot be over-estimated. (See what Mr. William Robinson says of them, page 3) Trumpet Daffodils, mixed, including Princeps, Abscissus, Lent

Lily, Variiformis, Telamonius plenus, etc., for naturalization..... Poet's Daffodils, or Star Narcissi, in mixture, including early and late-flowering Poeticus and varieties of Burbidgei, for naturalization in grass, etc. For cutting the flowers are greatly prized

5/6. 42/: 5/6. 42/:

5/6.

A list of Cheap Daffodils for Naturalization given on page 14. DAFFODIL SEED in mixture, for autumn-sowing, saved from our magnificent collection, per pkt. 1/ & 2/6.

(The Many-flowered Daffodils.) POLYANTHUS NARCISSI.

SELECTIONS OF POLYANTHUS NARCISSI for Pot-Culture, for names of varieties, see General Bulb Catalogue. 8. 25 3 each 12 splendid varieties 8/6 & 11 0 0 | 6 each 16 splendid varieties 5/6 & 3/6 & 12

DAFFODILS. - GROUP I. - MAGNI-CORONATI (BAKER).

Ajax of Salisbury, Haworth, and Herbert, Pseudo-Narcissus of Parkinson; including Corbularia (Bulbocodium), The Hoop Petticoat, or Medusa's Trumpet.

Corbularia (Buidocodium), The Hoop Petticoat, or Medusa's Trumpet.

Distinguishing Character.—Crown or trumpet as long or rather longer than the divisions of the perianth.

This Group I. is commonly called Trumpet Daffodils, which flower in the following succession: N. Pallidus præcox, from January; Obvallaris, Minimus, Nanus and Minor, from February, closely followed by Cyclamineus, Santa Maria, Oporto Yellow, Rugilobus, Major, Spurius, Golden Spur, Henry Irving, the English Lent-Lily, the Scotch Garland Lily, Horsfieldii, Empress, Johnstoni Queen of Spain, Princeps, Cernuus, Colleen Bawn, etc., which are followed by Emperor, Maximus, Dean Herbert, Michael Foster, James Walker, the two Camms, the two Burbidges, Dr. Hogg, Cernuus pulcher, Exquisite, Grandis, etc.

All the Trumpet Daffodile are prized for pot-culture, flowering under glass with the Hyacinth, and should be cultivated in the eame way, three to five roote in a 4 or 5-inch pot. The cut flowers of Daffodile are much in demand for bouquete and vaeee. For general cultural directions, see page 3.

Explanation why different sized types have been used in the NAMES of the Daffodils.

(1). EMPEROR. This type indicates the higher quality.

(2). ALBICANS. This type indicates the next quality. (3). MAJOR. This type indicates the lower quality.

The very distinct species which do not admit of comparison, such as Corbularia, Cyciamineus, Minimus, etc., wo place with the higher quality, and those which rank above the higher standard are indicated by the word extra.

Barr and Son,

Daffodils-Group I .- continued.

The following list of Daffodils embraces the highest class, and most distinct varieties, surpassing in beauty and diversity all other assortments offered to the public. The varieties represent the cream of our Collection (about 500 kinds), mostly new sorts, some of which were offered for the first time 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, and the present year.

76	indicates	the new varie	ties of	Daffodils	which we had	intro	duced up to	1886.
II.	,,,	"	"	99	"	have	introduced	1887.
#	,,,	**	"	"	"	,,	99	1888.
Ţ	9.9	,,,	"	,,	"	99	"	1889.
3	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	"	,,	"	"	2.2	"	1890.
7	"	"	"	,,	11	9.7	11	1891.
++	2.9	91	"	,,	"	99	"	1892.
**	39	11	17	,,	"	17	,,	1893.
§\$,,	- 11	- 11	,,	.,			1894.

Those without any special indication are species and varieties known before Backhouse's and Leeds' Daffodils were introduced by us.

6...

3...0 3

0...0 4

0...0 4

6...0

NARCISSUS CORBULARIA (BULBOCODIUM).

The Hoop Petticoat, or Medusa's Trumpet Daffodils. These are very beautiful in pots, 6 or more bulbs in a 4 or 5-inch pot, or a greater number in flat pans. For edgings and small beds they are all charming. per doz. each per doz. each

LARGE YELLOW HOOP PETTI-COAT (C. conspicua), rich goldenyellow 6...p. 100, 10/6 ,, ,, extra large bulbs, p. 100, 12/6 2 0...0 3

*WHITE HOOP PETTICOAT (C. Monophylla or Clusii), pure white winterflowering, grow in pots, or plant out under hand-lights or in frames, also at bottom of hot dry walls p. roo, 10/6 extra large bulbs, p. 100, 15/

*CREAMY WHITE HOOP PETTI-COAT (C. Graelsii), a great beauty, col-lected in Spain by Mr. Barr, 1892, homegrown bulbs, per 100, 21/

*LARGE SULPHUR HOOP PETTI-COAT (C. citrina), beautiful pale citron, early-flowering......p. 100, 5/6 0... "larger size, " 7/6 3....

*SMALL YELLOW HOOP PETTI-COAT (C. tenuifolia), rich yellow early, and very neatp. 100, 21/

*SMALL YELLOW HOOP PETTI-COAT (C. nivalis), rich yellow, early, and very neat

YELLOW HOOP TOWERING †LARGE YELLOW HOOP PETTICOAT, found in Spain by Mr. Barr, very beautiful, flowering out-doors from February......p. roo, 10/6

AJAX, or TRUMPET DAFFODILS. Yellow Varieties.

All the Trumpet Daffodils, cultivated in pots, are exceedingly decorative indoors, and used extensively for this purpose, 3 to 5 bulbs in a 5-inch pot, or many bulbs planted in boxes for early cutting, see p. 3. For beds, borders, and naturalization unsurpassed.

Per doz. each *ACHILLES, perianth light yellow, trumpet rich deep yellow, early and s. d. s. d. showyper 100, 12/6 0...0 3 ABSCISSUS, perianth sulphur-yellow, long rich yellow trumpet, very lateflowering ... per 1000, 45/; per roo, 5/6 0 10... ...

*ARD RIGH (Yellow King), large full yellow perianth, trumpet large and deep yellow, early......per roo, 25/ 6...0 4 †BASTEMIL, found by Mr. Barr in Spain, a bold flower, large orangeyellow trumpet, elegantly trilled, peri-

anth sulphur, suffused yellow, graceful twistp. 100, 25/ 6...0 4 §§BESSINGHAM YELLOW, self-bright golden-yellow, dwarf, and early 6...0 9

12 and 13 King St., Covent Garden, 1894.]

*CAPTAIN NELSON, soft clear yelper doz. each low, long trumpet, broad spreading perianth, large handsome flower, extra, 1st Class Certificate R.H.S.ro 6

+COUNTESS OF ANNESLEY, perianth sulphur-yellow, rich full yellow trumpet, large bold flower, early

CORONATUS (GENL. GORDON), large light yellow perianth, broad expanded full yellow trumpet 10 6...1 o

SCYCLAMINEUS MAJOR, a great novelty, flowers clear rich full selfyellow, perianth gracefully reflexed, and trumpet elegantly serrated, a charming dwarf Daffodil for pot-culture, edgings, rockwork, and to naturalize in See notice under illustration,

grass. See hottle under trassitation, and culture, par. 2, page 3, 1st Class Certificate R.H.S.per 100, 17/6 †DANIEL DEWAR, found by Mr. Barr, in Spain, orange-yellow trumpet elegantly lebad, parianth white suffused sulphur. lobed, perianth white, suffused sulphur, distinct. A few of a fine self-yellow Daffodil intermingles, as the two varieties are found wild growing together p. roo, r5/

**DICK SARTORIS, of very hand-some form, trumpet rich orange yellow, perianth sulphur, flushed orange 25

¶DISTINCTION, a large bold uniform rich yellow flower, perianth broad and firmly set, trumpet large and gracefully flanged, extra

*EDWARD LEEDS, a large handsome rich full yellow variety ...per 100, 12/6 *EDITH BARBER, perianth full primrose, trumpet yellow, dwarf

*EMPEROR, perianth deep primrose, trumpet rich full yellow, very large

handsome yellow trumpet and perianth. Figured Gardeners' Chronicle, April 19, 1890, extra, 1st Class Cer.R.H.S. One of the boldest of all the Giant Trumpeters *GOLDEN PLOYER (Tanist), perianth

and trumpet rich golden-yellow, very +GOLDEN PRINCE, uniform rich golden-yellow, trumpet elegantly lobed

and serrated at brim

*GOLDEN SPUR, perianth large and spreading, trumpet large and distinctly lobed, deep rich self-yellow per 100, 25/

§GOLDEN VASE, rich deep orange-yellow, trumpet elegantly frilled....... *HENRY IRVING, broad yellow spreading perianth, large yellow trumpet 3

*HER MAJESTY, clear light self-yellow, brim of trumpet elegantly serrated and expanded

6...0 6

9...0 4

0...2 6

3...0 3

... ...15 2 0...0

6...0 6

10 6...1 0

... ...21 0

6...0 4

0...2 6

6...0

... ...25

0...1 0

DARRY S HARDT TENDON AND WITH	12 11111022
Ajan, or Trumpet Daffodils, Yellow per doz. each Varieties, continued. s. d. s. d.	Ajax, or Trumpet Daffodils, Yellow per doz each Varieties, continued. s. d. s. d.
*HUDIBRAS, very distinct, perianth yellow, imbricated, longer than trum-	OBVALLARIS (Tenby Daffodil), this very distinct variety, has all the fine qua-
pet, which is deep yellow	lities that delight a connoisseur, perianth & trumpet full yellow, very early 100, 10/6 1 6
form pleasing rich primrose trumpet,	,, ',, extra large roots ,, 12/6 2 00 3
gracefully flanged and exquisitely fluted	†OPORTO YELLOW, variable in size and
or gauffered, a distinct charming variety somewhat dwarf in growth	form, rich full yellow, perianth elegantly twisted, earlyper 100, 10/6 1 60 3
*JOHN NELSON, a very distinct	P. R. BARR, perianth deep prim-
large rounded drooping flower, which	rose, trumpet rich full yellow, fine form,
is of an almost uniform yellow 27 62 6	very handsome, extra 10 61 0
JOHNSTONI, a distinct beautiful	RUGILOBUS, large primrose perianth, large yellow trumpet, a fine variety
species, perianth and trumpet clear rich soft sulphur colour. (All the John-	in the way of Emperorper 100, 10/6 1 6.0 3
stoni Daffodils are hybrids of N. Ajax	*ST. BRIGID, perianth pale sulphur-
and N. triandrus, As buttonhole flowers	yellow, trumpet canary
\$JOHNSTONI, QUEEN OF SPAIN,	¶SAMSON, rich self-yellow, large long trumpet and broad spreading
uniform soft delicate clear yellow;	perianth. (See woodcut, Journal of
a very beautiful and distinct flower,	Horticulture, March 12, 1891), extra 30 0
slightly variable in size, while in some flowers the trumpet is expanded at	‡SANTA MARIA, found by Mr. Barr, in Spain, very rich uniform orange-
mouth, and in others straight,	yellow, perianth elegantly twisted, dis-
Found by Mr. Barr, in Spain. (Coloured Plate sent free to intending	tinct and handsome, a charming early
purchasers)per 100, 17/6 2 60 3	flower, extraper 100, 425. 5 60 6
+JOHNSTONI, MRS. GEORGE	*SARAGOSSA DAFFODIL, perianth and trumpet varying from pale to full
CAMMELL, a beautiful soft clear	yellow, showyper 100, 21/ 3 0 0 4
self-yellow Daffodil, of elegant and fascinating form. Found by Mr. Barr	**SHARMAN CRAWFORD, peri-
in Spain, extra 6	anth sulphur, trumpet yellow
§JOHNSTONI PELAYO, variable in	*SHIRLEY HIBBERD, deep yellow ex-
size and shade of colour, from clear soft	panded trumpet, lighter yellow perianth slightly twisted
yellow to sulphur. Found by Mr. Barrin Spain	SPURIUS, very distinct, self-yellow, with a
*KING UMBERTO, perianth light yellow,	broad, imbricated hooded perianth, large
barred down the centre with yellow,	expanded trumpetper 100, 12/6 2 00 3
large yellow trumpet	TSIR WILLIAM HARCOURT, uniform rich yellow, a very distinct and
"*LADY DOROTHY, primrose perianth, light yellow trumpet, dwarf grower,	remarkable flower 5 6
distinct and pretty 6	¶STANFIELD, large spreading
MAJOR, rich deep yellowper 100, 7/6 1 3	distinct handsome perianth, fine yellow trumpet 3 6
MAXIMUS true, uniform rich golden- yellow, perianth elegantly twisted,	*THOMAS MOORE, light yellow perianth,
flower large and gracefulp. 100, 25s. 3 60 4	full yellow trumpetper 100, 10/6 1 60 3
MAXIMUS SUPERBUS LONGI-	
VIRENS, growing along with N.	AJAX, or TRUMPET DAFFODILS.
maximus at our Surbiton Nurseries, we saw no difference between them.	
MINIMUS true, the smallest and most	White-winged Bicolor Varieties.
dwarf trumpet Daffodil, rich full yel-	All beautiful in pots, and for beds, borders, and
low, a gem for edgings, rockwork, and pot-culture, very early (see remarks	naturalization.
on adaptation, page 3)per 100, 12/6 2 00 3	BICOLOR (of Haworth), perianth white, trumpet yellow, late 4 60 6
MINOR true, full yellow, divisions of	†ALFRED PARSONS, perianth
perianth gracefully twisted, trumpet distinctly lobed, valuable for edgings	creamy white, trumpet rich deep yellow,
and rockwork, earlyper 100, 25/ 3 60 4	very distinct
,, A Few Extra Large Bulbs 5 6 o 6	**CABECEIRAS, large rich yellow trumpet, frilled at brim, perianth white,
M. J. BERKELEY, perianth and	shading off to primrosc, very striking 2 6
trumpet rich full yellow, about one-	*CAMOENS, perianth creamy white,
third larger than N. maximus, trumpet expanded, at brim reflexed, extra 30 03 0	trumpet yellowper 100, 12/6 2 00 3
*MRS. H. J. ELWES, perianth soft	*DEAN HERBERT, true, perianth full primrose changing to sulphur,
clear yellow, trumpet soft yellow, large	trumpet rich yellow, very large 15 0 1 6
and spreadingper 100, 30/ 4 60 6	ENGLISH LENT LILY, perianth whitish,
MORNING STAR, pale yellow perianth,	trumpet yellow, for naturalizing in grass, orchards, etc. p. 1000, 18/6; p. 100, 2/3 0 4
deep yellow trumpet 3 60 4	*EMPRESS, perianth white and of
NANUS, in size between Minor and Minimus, rich full yellow, very dwarf	great substance, trumpet rich yellow;
and early. A gem for edgings; in	a very large flower, extraper 100, 65/ 8 6.0 10
March, its little flowers thickly be- spangle the ground like golden earth-	TGEORGE H. BARR, perianth white, trumpet yellow, medium sized sturdy
starsper 1000, 45/; per 100, 5/6 0 10	flower, dwarf, fine variety
	[Barr and Son,

Ajax, or Trumpet Daffodils, White-winged Bicolor Varieties, continued. *GRANDIS (Grandee), perianth pure	Ajax, or Trumpet Daffodils, per doz. each White and Sulphur Varieties, continued. s. d. s. d. *CERNUUS PULCHER, perianth
white, large and finely imbricated, trumpet very large, full yellow, late- flowering; the finest of the white-	silvery white, with a large spreading primrose trumpet, passing to white, extra 15 01 6
#HARRISON WEIR, perianth white and channelled, trumpet canary-yellow, 8 60 10	*COLLEEN BAWN, perianth and trumpet pure white, broad and gracefully twisted perianth, extra
*HORSEFIELDII (John Horsefield), perianth white, trumpet rich yellow, large flower, the earliest of the White-	\$\frac{1}{2}COUNTESS OF DESMOND, perianth sulphur, trumpet rich primrose
winged varietiesper 100, 40/ 5 60 6 *JAMES WALKER, perianth sulphur- white, elegantly imbricated, large hand-	*C. W. COWAN, perianth white, trumpet sulphur, distinct and elegant 2 6 *DR. HOGG, perianth white, trumpet
*J. B. M. CAMM, perianth white, trumpet soft pale chrome-yellow; this	primrose passing to white, long, smooth, and at brim elegantly recurved, extra 5 6
may truly be called the "Queen of the Trumpets" for its symmetry of form, and its unique chaste colour; it is a good	perianth and trumpet primrose passing off white, neat flower
grower, extra, 1st Class Certificate R. H.S. 45 o 4 6 ¶JOHN PARKINSON, large fine white spreading perianth, short rich	*EXQUISITE, perianth sulphur- white, trumpet primrose passing to white, very distinct
yellow trumpet, very remarkable flower 10 6 \$LENA, perianth primrose, long well-formed lemon trumpet 30 0	*F. W. BURBIDGE, perianth white, trumpet sulphur passing to white, long-ribbed, and elegantly serrated
§MADAME PLEMP, large broad white perianth, very large golden-yel-	TGALATEA, large flower, uniform white, of good substance and fine
*MICHAEL FOSTER, large sulphur- white perianth, large thick rich yellow	thabit, raised by Captain Nelson, extra 15 o LADY GROSVENOR, perianth white, trumpet sulphur-white, brim
MRS. WALTER WARE, broad white perianth, golden trumpet, well	elegantly recurved; very distinct 15 01 6 LEDA, same as Tortuosus
### Expanded at brim	†MADAME DE GRAAFF, this is one of the largest of all White Trumpet Daffodils, perianth pure white, trumpet
trumpet yellow, of good substance per 100, 40/ 5 60 6	pale primrose shading to white, of great substance. See woodcut, "Gardeners' Chronicle," April 19th,
PRINCEPS, perianth sulphur - white, trumpet yellow, large flower, early and showyper 1000, 60/; per 100, 7/6 1 30 3	†MARCHIONESS OF LORNE, perianth sulphur-white, trumpet prim-
SCOTICUS (Scotch Garland Lily), periantly white, trumpet yellow, elegantly serrated, very earlyper 100, 5/6 o 10	rose, brim elegantly recurved 21 02 0 ¶MATSON VINCENT, quite distinct,
¶T. A. DORRIEN SMITH, trumpet rich yellow, short and very thick, perianth sulphur-white, broad, imbricated	small neat pure white flower, trumpet lobed and expanded, dwarf
and shorter than trumpet, remarkable and very distinct, extra	white, trumpet straight, primrose passing to snow-white
large canary-yellow expanded trumpet, brim elegantly lobed, flowers variable, erroneously sold under the names No- bilis and Maw's Bioglar, p. 100 2016	*MRS. J. B. M. CAMM, perianth white and elegant, trumpet sulphurwhite, very graceful and distinct, extra, 1st Class Certificate R.H.S
bilis, and Maw's Bicolorp. 100, 7/6 1 30 3 AJAX, or TRUMPET DAFFODILS.	MRS. THOMPSON, pure white, trumpet elegantly frilled, large and
White and Sulphur Varieties.	very handsome, early, extra
Elegant in pots, and for beds, borders, and naturalization. ALBICANS, perianth white, trumpet	†MRS. VINCENT, of rare beauty, perianth and trumpet white, of great substance and perfect form, extra 10 6
primrose passing to white, elegantly recurved at brim	MOSCHATUS OF HAWORTH (the snow- white Daffodil of Spain), variable in size of flower. A charming dwarf variety,
phur, trumpet elegantly spreading at brim	elegant in pots, edgings, beds, and for bouquets. Collected bulbs, p. 100, 12/6 2 00 3 PALLIDUS PRECOX, variable in size
a tall growing CERNUUS	and shade, from pale straw-colour to white, very early (avoid manure and rich soil)
down the channel, trumpet spreading at brim	†PALLIDUS PRECOX, var. ASTURICUS, elegant, refined, almost white
silvery white and of the same length, early, and very beautiful	flowers, a very early beautiful species (avoid manure)per 100, 15/2 30 3

Ajax, or Trumpet Daffodils, per doz. each White and Sulphur Varieties, continued. s. d. s. d.	DOUBLE TRUMPET DAFFODILS. Valuable for pots, beds, borders, and naturalization.
‡PRINCESS IDA, white perianth, hand-	per doz. each
some white trumpet, brim flanged and	s. d. s. d.
edged yellowper 100, 40/ 5 60 6	PSEUDO-NARCISSUS PLENUS (Gerrard's Double Lent Lily), white and yellow
TROBERT BOYLE, perianth pale prim-	double Daffodil 5 60 6
rose, trumpet pale citron 6	
†SARAH TISDALE, perianth sulphur,	SCOTICUS PLENUS, the double Scotch Garland Lily
trumpet full sulphur-yellow, distinct 6	
+CADVIAN DULLE Total	TELAMONIUS PLENUS (Wilmer's great
SARNIAN BELLE, same as Tortu-	double golden-yellow Daffodil) 1st size bulbs, p. 1000, 63/; p. 100, 6/6 1 30 3
	2nd size bulbs, p. 1000, 50/; p. 100, 5/6 r o
\$SILVER BAR, perianth pale prim-	
rose, trumpet lemon-yellow 6	MINOR PLENUS (Rip van Winkle), curious double yellow flowers 3 60 4
tsir stafford northcote,	
perianth white, long pale sulphur trum-	LOBULARIS PLENUS, dwarf double
pet, robust and distinct 18 o1 9	yellow, sweet-scented 3 60 4
TORTUOSUS (LEDA & SARNIAN	PLENISSIMUS, Parkinson's rose-
BELLE), perianth pure white, twisted,	flowered Daffodil, the largest and
somewhat shorter than the trumpet,	richest yellow of all double Daffodils 7 60 9
which is pale sulphur passing to a snow-	CAPAX PLENUS (Eystettensis)
white, exhales a delightful perfume ro 6r o	(Queen Ann's double Daffodil), beau-
*W. P. MILNER, perianth and	tiful soft pale lemon-coloured flowers,
trumpet sulphur, neat dwarf plant,	consisting of 6 rows of petals, sym-
with beautiful distinct flowers p. 100, 40/ 5 60 6	metrically arranged over each other in
*WILLIAMGOLDRING, long snow-	the form of a star, extra 12 o1 3
white perianth, enveloping the prim-	CERNUUS FLORE ELEGANTIS-
rose trumpet. The arched stem and	SIME PLENO (the double white
drooping flower is the true characteristic	Trumpet Daffodil), a great beauty,
of a '' Swan's Neck Daffodil'' 10 61 0	extra, very scarce 6

DAFFODILS.-GROUP II.-MEDIO-CORONATI (BAKER).

Queltia, Philogyne, Ganymedes, etc., of Salisbury, Haworth, and Herbert; Peerless, Nonsuch, Chalice-Shaped Crown, etc., of Parkinson.

DISTINGUISHING CHARACTER—Crown or cup half as long as the divisions of the perianth, but in one or two cases three-quarters as long.

The graceful varieties of this group arc hybrids, excepting Triandrus, Odorus, and Juncifolius, which are species. Incomparabilis is found wild in France, but Herbert, Leeds, and Backhouse produced it by crossing Poeticus with a Trumpet Daffodil. Macleaii (Panza bicolor of Salisbury) is considered to be a hybrid between a Tazetta and a Trumpet Daffodil. Although we have no positive data as to the parentage of all the new hybrids and varieties described in this group, we think it may fairly be assumed that Poeticus and the Trumpet Daffodils gave all the varieties of Incomparabilis, Barrii, Leedsii, "the Eucharis-like Daffodil," Humei, Nelsoni, Backhousei, and Sahini. Bernardi we know to be a hybrid between Poeticus and Variiformis. Mr. Barr. haming Backhousei, and Sabini. Bernardi we know to be a hybrid between Pocticus and Variiformis, Mr. Barr having collected it from amongst these two species. Tridymus is a hybrid between a Tazetta and a Trumpet Daffodil.

The varieties in this group commence flowering in March, and furnish a succession till May. They are all of great elegance and beauty, and, as cut flowers, are extensively used for furnishing vases and table bouquets.

All the varieties enumerated in Group II are prized for pot-culture, flowering under glass with the Hyacinth, and should be cultivated the same way, 3 or 5 large bulbs in a 5-inch pot; Narcissus with small bulbs, such as Triandrus and Juncifolius, 6 to 12 bulbs to a 5-inch pot. The cut flowers of this Group are much in demand for bouquets and vases. General cultural directions, p. 3.

NARCISSUS INCOMPARABILIS.

(Star Narcissus.)

NONSUCH, PEERLESS, AND CHALICE-CUPPED DAFFODILS.

All the varieties of Incomparabilis are exceedingly decorative in pots, and are extensively used for this purpose, 2 or 5 bulbs in a 5-inch pot. For beds and purpose, 3 or 5 bulbs in a 5-inch pot. For beds and borders very decorative, naturalized in grass very effective. See what Mr. William Robinson says of them under the name "Star Narcissus," p. 3.

Nonsuch Self-Yellow Varieties.

(Varieties of Incomparabilis concolor.)

per doz. each *AUTOCRAT, large perianth full s. d. s. d. yellow, cup much expanded, p. 100, 21s. 3 0...0 4 *FRANK MILES, large yellow perianth and cup, very elegant.....per 100, 15s. 2 3...0 3

Nonsuch Yellow Varieties, with orangestained cups.

(Varieties of Incomparabilis Leedsi.) *hEEDSI, perianth yellow, cup stained s. d. s. d. rich orange-scarlet, early.....p. 100, 10/6 1 6...0 3 *C. J. BACKHOUSE, the most attractive of the yellow forms of Incomparabilis, perianth yellow, of medium size, with a large and long cup of a rich orange-scarlet, extra, 1st Class Certificate R.H.S..... 25 0...2 6 *FIGARO, perianth yellow, cup large spreading and stained orange-scarlet,

flower large and well formed, p. 100, 12/6 2 0...0 3 #GLORIA MUNDI, fine bold yellow perianth, very large cup much expanded, heavily stained orange-scarlet, very handsome flower, extra, 1st Class Certificate R.H.S.

25 0 Barr and Son,

BARR'S BEAUTIFUL "ENGLISH TULIPS."

Awarded by the Royal Horticultural Society a Silver Medal, May 9th, 1893.

THESE Tulips in the South commence flowering according to the earliness or lateness of the season from the first to the last week in May, and when looked after may be enjoyed, as Dr. Hogg can testify, for a month. The "English Tulip" is pre-eminently an amateur's flower, and has been so for upwards of 300 years. At one time London was the centre of Amateur Tulip growers, with Scotland dividing the honour. Later on the Amateur element centred in Derbyshire, Lancashire, and Yorkshire, and in these counties during the last thirty years great improvements have been made in the shape and markings of this flower. Southern Amateurs who may be induced to take up Tulip culture will be pleased to read the following extract from the Marchester Guardian, 2nd June, 1892, from the pen of Mr. Samuel Barlow, the greatest of living authorities on "English Tulips":—

"The best Tulips known to exist, or that ever have existed, have heen raised in England, principally in the Northern counties—Lancashire, Yorkshire, and Derbyshire. Over forty years ago the late Dr. Hardy, of Warrington, in a series of papers to the Midland Florist, completely settled all the points of excellence which go to make a first-class Florist Tulip, and his defiuitions have never since heen disputed. Since then the cultivation of Florist Tulips has much improved, especially in the three counties named, although, singular to say, it bas almost died out in the South of England, where, fifty years ago, the most enthusiastic Tulip growers made London their centre for exhibitions. There are distinct evidences now of a revival of interest in the South of this grand old flower, and I hope that the Exhibitions of the Royal National Tulip Society at the Royal Botanical Gardens, Manchester, will give additional stimulus to the cultivation and love for this fascinating flower."

The Rev. Francis D. Horner, our most successful Amateur Tulip cultivator and raiser of new varieties, read a most valuable paper on Amateur Tulips to the Fellows of the Royal Horticultural Society, April 19th, 1892, and which will be found in Vol. XV., Parts 2 and 3, "Journal of the Royal Horticultural Society," page 99. We commend it for perusal by intending Tulip Amateurs.

In "Hardy Florist Flowers," by Mr. James Douglas, there is a chapter on "English Tulips," which deals with the whole subject of planting, lifting, and general culture.



The Woodcuts represent the upper sections of Tulip petals. The one on the left is a feathered on the left's a leathered flower, the colour con-fined mainly to the edge of the petal. The right hand block is a flumed flower, the colour runs round the edge of the petal, and in the centre breaks into a flume breaks into a flame.

The Woodcuts are re-



however, to state that there is a certain variability in the colouring of these Tulips from one year to another, so that it is seldom a flower is seen with exactly the same amount of colouring in its dress, and this is not without its interest to Amateurs; even a feathered flower will sometimes become flamed, and a flamed flower feathered.

Condensed from the Journal of Horticulture, June 2nd and 9th, 1892 :-

"English Tulips."—Onwards, slowly perhaps, but surely, creeps the tide that has turned in favour of "English-Raised Tulips." The term "English Tulips" is not a common one, for the flowers referred to are those usually classed as Amateur's or Florists' Late-flowering Tulips. The name, "English Tulips" has something beyond insular pride to recommend it. In the 333 years which have clapsed since Conrad Gesner brought Tulipa Gesneriana from Constantinople, marvellous work has been accomplished by hybridisers with this species, but it was in England that the properties which are most esteemed in the best Tulips of to-day—perfect form, smoothness, substance of petal, and clean base—were developed. There are florists' Tulips from the species Gesneriana in abundance, of foreign origin, which possess none of the above-named qualifications; and the time has come, we think, for a distinctive appellation for this noble class of flowers which pays so high a tribute to the skill of the English florists. of the English florists.

The raisers of most of the old "English Tulips" have long ago passed into the Silent Land, and the great world is oblivious of them, but an inner circle remembers many of them as workers for the good and the beautiful, and honours them as peaceful benefactors, leaving behind them memories dear, as well as worthy successors, who still continue the great work of trying to improve what appears already perfect, and may never be surpassed, if equalled; labouring still for a higher ideal is man's hest nature.

The absorbing interest of the "English Tulips" does not lie solely in their beauty of form and rich markings. Their life-history is not the unbroken, uneventful one that other flowers enjoy. There comes a time when the self-coloured flower is a self no more, the rose, scarlet, or violet shining above the central silvery moon or ground of the Byhlomens and Roses, or the golden base of the Bizarres,

BARR'S " ENGLISH TULIPS."

breaking upwards into marvellons featherings and flamings of colour, reminding one of the contrast between the dull eccoon and the brilliant, IInttering butterfly. The new shades are not the vagaries of a day, bir, once the flower breaks into its radiant colours, they remain to dazzle and delight those who see them. The "breeder," that is, the self-coloured Tulip in its first stage is, so to speak, but the canvas prepared for the painting, and when in due course the colours are mixed and the picture completed, it is one that will not fade under the hand of time.

Bizarres are distinguished by a yellow groundwork, the flowers flamed or feathered with many lines, and inside the base presents a stainless circle of gold. George Hayward is a splendid example of a grand variety, and near it is Victor Emmanuel, having a beautiful rounded petal and a perfect base. So J. Parton, recognisable by its perfect cup shape, is represented by several strains, and is a tine Tulip. Colbert is somewhat small, but very bright, and a beautiful flower; Dr. Horner, dwarf, perfect in form and having an excellent base; Dr. Hardy follows, and near them is the beautiful Storer's No. 4; Criterion is a beautiful crimson self; Mosterpiece breaks in many ways, sometimes splendidly marked, and at other times ragged, but is a noble fellow at his best; Pilot strikes everyone as a splendid variety, of fine habit with faultless shape, magnificent base, and rich Instrous colour, it is a gem.

The Byblomens, are violet or purple on a white ground. Duchess of Sutherland is a delicate pure flower; Lord Denman has beautiful markings; Friar Tuck has a fine base and stands firm; Mrs. Jackson possesses beautiful form; Adonis is noteworthy; Maid of Orleans and Mrs. Pickerill awake admiration; and Talisman is percaps the finest of all.

The Rose section, which have rose, searlet, or crimson on a white ground, embrace some brilliant flowers. Madame St. Armaud is remarkable for beauty of base. Pretty Jane exhibits great headty of colouring. Modesty, a flower of beautiful form, and there is glorious Manie McGregor represented both in breeder and broken forms, in every respect a perfect flower; Sarah Headly is also a very line flower.

The varieties mentioned in the three sections above-named are typical of the whole.

English amateur florists are proverbially kind and willing to help each other, but for obvious reasons they cannot spread their cherished genes far and wide. Until, therefore, "English Tulips" are recognised in commerce they will not be generally obtainable. For a long time it seemed as if they would have no trade home; but a colony, and not a small one, has been formed at Long Ditton in Messrs. Barr & Son's grounds of Daffodd Isme. If Mr. William Barr can do for and with these Tulips a tithe of what the energetic and devoted head of the firm did for the Daffodi', he will make himself a name that will not soon be forgotten. The young fancier is enthusiastic, diligent, and careful, as was evident when note was taken on a sultry day of 5000 or 6000 individual blooms, under the ead guidance of a veteran (Dr. Hogg). As of some varieties there are but few bulbs, mayhap the time is not far distant when at least some of there may be offered, and not at prohibitive prices. What are sold as Amateur's varieties ("English Tulips"), must be clear, distinct, and correct; and this is evidently like object at Barr and Son's Nursery, any that departed from the standard type were marked to go in mixture. These will be distributed as desorative varieties, and some of them may, and it is hoped will, create a desire for something better, brighter, clearer, and more refined.

Condensed from the Journal of Horticulture, May 4th, 1893 :-

Two years ago come June a writer in the Journal of Horticulture, fresh from a visit to a Tulip bed that impressed him—not one of those glowing masses of yellow, crimson, or rose produced by carly bedding Tulips in purks and gardens in April and May—but the Tulip bed of an old Amateur Florist, thus recorded his impressions:—"There are Tulips from many collections in England, and several from continental sources, but there is no mistaking of the superiority of form, substance, and accuracy in colouration of the English Florists' Tulips. The 'Amateur's' Florist Tulips of the Continent in general appearance are attractive, and the colours of some compel admiration; but in most of the blooms the colours are where they ought not to be, running right down to the base of the petals, and in some other respects irregular. Many of the petals are long, pointed, and flinsy, lacking the close cup-like shape and stont texture of the best 'English Tulips,' which, at the base, uppear as if a sun was set at the bottom of the flower of the Bizarres, and the most silvery of moons in the base of the Roses and Byblomens, which light up the colours of the flamed and feathered petals displayed in beautiful regularity and indiscriminate lines."

The overwhelming majority of Dutch Florists' or Amateurs' Tulips, effective as they may be for garden decoration, are wholly distinct from and distinctly inferior to the highest type of "Exclusing Tulips." This is plainly seen when extensively grown in comparison, as in Messrs, Barr & Son's Collection. It is important that this should be known and the essential differences between what may be termed home and foreign thaned and feathered varieties recognized now that a demand is increasing for Talips that combine brilliancy with claste refinement, such as is represented in the Florists' forms of T. Gesneriana. These are usually in full beauty in May, sometimes June, but this year they were fully expanded in the south of England during the last week in April. Beds of these Tulips, shaded with canvas, remain attractive for a month—a veritable floral feast, fascinating and unique

If this is so it may be asked, "Why are not these English Florists' Tulips more popular? why are collections of them so few and far between?" Because there has been no attempt to popularize them, but somewhat the reverse. Comoisseurs as a body have valued them for their rarity, and have not willingly let them "go." The highest forms are regarded by those who possess and love them as precious gems not to be entrusted to persous who do not appreciate what they represent years of unremitting care in their preservation following years of waiting from the flowering of seedlings to the breaking from the self-coloured or breeder stage into the flames of colour or feathered fringes that come to stay, and give life-long pleasure to those who own and cherish them. Is there much wonder that they should be jealously guarded, and, as far as possible, kept in the hands of these who know their value, instead of being seattered abroad and lost?"

The choicer and rarer named varieties of "ENGLISH TULIPS" have hitherto been difficult to obtain, and to form collections of them is not done in a year or two; thus, those who like to become growers of these remarkable flowers will have to do as their "force-clders" did-start at the bottom of the ladder and steadily work upwards—until recently it has been extremely difficult to make a start at all. Continental mixtures could be obtained, but these do not form a good foundation. The pressive mixtures of

BARR'S "ENGLISH TULIPS."

real English Tulips are now procurable. Mr. Peter Barr has taken them in hand, and he is not the man to rest satisfied till be attains his object. The same energy, perseverance, and knowledge which, from the smallest of beginnings, resulted in the world-famed collection of Duffodis—flowers one unappreciated, and, as a rule, rejected from gardens, but now grown in most; flowers once rarely seen in markets, but now sold in hundreds of tons—the same untiring zeal by which so much has been accomplished in this once neglected family of bulbons plants is bound to have effect, if not to the same extent, yet in a very material way in inciting public interest in late Tulips."

Mr. Barr is evidently a believer in the dictum that the supply of anything good in itself creates a demand, and English Florists' Tulips have been obtained from various sources and increased at Long Ditton, where they now number many thousands. The result has been encouraging, and the demand for bulbs last year has given an impetus to production. The start is at the bottom of the ladder, inexpensive mixtures of numaned varieties in which flowers of sterling merit are inclinded. In this way a mateur florists are made, and the collections of the flowers they hove established. It is so in the case of all flowers. First they are liked, then understood, then become fascinating, and make the lices of their owners better worth living. That is what flowers do, and Tulips not the least, and hence the desirability of encouraging a taste for an extension of culture of "English Tulips," in addition to other flowers, which, if intelligently indulged in, can lead to nothing but good. In this work Mr. Peter Barr is worthily sharing, and he will not rest till he makes these Tulips "go." He has, moreover, the active co-operation of his son, Mr. William Barr, with true florist's instincts, and who is destined to make his mark in the Tulip world.

The Long Ditton Collection is in full beauty now, and the collection, while full of interest to experts, affords valuable lessons for learners. Day by day, from far and near, come old florists and young aspirants to view them. Every flower is scanned, its points noted, and merits or defects recorded. An hour to a bed may be termed a quick examination, and thus a long day may and is spent by many among the Tulips. Good stocks of some of the leading named varieties are already established, while others are represented in yet small numbers, but increasing yearly. Among the Roses, Aglaia, a fine stock, is charming in its translucency, and the same may be said of Middleton Maid; Alice is small but pure, a dainty gen; Modesly, both flamed and feathered, is one of the loveliest; Lady Derby is splendid in form, pure, and beautifully marked; and Mabel is represented in goodly number, but there will never be too many of this delightful Tulip, for whether in breeder or broken form it commands admiration. Of the Bybloemens, Lord Deman is in the greatest force; Storer's No. 2, of fine character; Agnes, stately and upright; Bessie, feathered and flamed; Chancellor, in three strains, all good; Duchess of Suthersland, very clear; Friar Tuck, fine form and chaste; Talisman, small, but perfect; and Mrs. Caliph and Colbert, shone very brightly; Charles A., taller, darker, and good; Royal Sovereign, a feathered form of the last-named, splendid; Duke of Deranskere, bold and fine; Dr. Hardy, a line stock of a grand Tulip; Everard, rich and glowing; Orion, very bright; George Hagward, a noble flower in splendid colour; Masterpiece, dark and well flumed; Pilot, bright, well-marked, a fine s ock; Sir Joseph Pacton, one of the best, Barr's strain, very fine; and Lord Stanley, of similar character. The varieties named are only a few of the notabilities at Long Dixion, and will form for beginners the nucleus of a good collection.

From Surbiton Station we are whirled to the Sussex coast to see the Tulip-bed of an amateur—just one hed of sixty-three rows of seven plants each under a canvas tent, but something to remember. At Long Ditton there is a large collection; under this Sussex tent a choice selection of splendidly-grown plants and magnificent blooms. Mr. Barr was so entranced that he had to rush home and send bis son to gather hints and inspiration. Rose, byblomen, and bisarre is the order of planting throughout, each in sequence from end to end of the bed; and the soft warm flush of the first, the purity and delicacy of the seen in these flowers. It is not only a difficult matter which to admire most but hard to tell whether the breeder or broken forms of the same variety are the most beautiful. Take Mabel in its first or self-coloured stage, a shimmering rosy salmon with a spotless circular base; then take the flower when the white from the base shoots up in silvery streaks, and, as it were, crushes the body colour together in darker folds; both stages are alike beautiful, and can be looked at again and again. It is the same with purple selfs and their central "silvery moons," which in due time break into bybloemens, and again the dark reddish selfs with golden dises which develop into bizarres—the dark ground deepening as the yellow shoots through it in golden rays, and the marer the rays approach to black the more highly the flower is prized.

It can only be said that some of the more striking blooms in this glowing bed were among Roses—Mabel, above-mentioned; Modesty, a charming flower; Anxie McGregor, equally beautiful in its deeper line; Madame St. Arnand, very bright; Mrs. Barlow, in breeder form grand, and also breaking into a perfect beauty; Apollo, tall and stately, with Lizzie Watkins, Hermione, and Mrs. Whittaker, all worthy of their rich surroundings—Of Byblemens Storer's No. 2 heads the list with its magnificent blooms correctly marked, though the goblet is a little deeper than the coveted champagne-glass form; then follows each with distinct properties of its own. Duckess of Sutherland, Frier Tuck, Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Pickerill, Queen of May, Talisman, and a fine break from one of Hepworth's breeders. In Bizarres, George Hagward stands out grandly with glorions blooms; Dr. Hardy attracted by its richness and bright clear p neillings; Sir Joseph Paxton, in different strains, was in splendid condition; Musterpiece, in brilliant colour, black and gold, but the disc not quite perfect; while Ajax, Hardwick's grand Bizarre, John Brook, Lord Lilford, and Pilot, with the dwarfer Vivid and Colbert, shone brightly in the collection.

This beantiful Tulip-bed affords the owner, Dr. Hogg, great pleasure. He does not, however, sit on an elevated throne at the end of the tent for days together watching the flowers, as did an old florist in past times in Hertfordshire.

Extracted from the letter of an Amateur grower of "English Tulips" :--

Ever since you were here I have been noting and criticising Tulips, and to such an extent has the subject grown upon me I am quite as daft on the subject as ever you were on the Dadodils.

In other words this Amateur spent seven days over one moderate-sized bed of "English Tulips."

Barr's Beautiful "English Tulips."

MAY-FLOWERING.

EXPLANATION OF THE TERMS RECTIFIED AND BREEDER TULIPS.—Rectified Tulips are those in which the original self-colour has changed into a flamed or feathered variegation. Breeder Tulips are those which are still in their original self-coloured state, but may at any time become Rectified.

BARR'S SELECTIONS of OLD ENGLISH TULIPS, Bizarres, Bybloemens, and Roses

RHKK,2 2FIFCLION2 of ORD EMORISH LC	duips, bizarres, by dioemens, and Roses
36 in 36 Beautiful Vars. of English Rectified Tulips	18 in 18 Beautiful Vars. of English Breeder Tulips,
55/ or 75/-	42/-
25 in 25 ,, ,, ,, 33/-, 42/- or 63/-	12 in 12 ,, ,, ,, 25/- or 32/-
12 in 12 ,, ,, 12/-, 15/-, 21/- or 30/-	
BARR'S BEAUTIFUL MIXTURE OF ENGLISH TULI	PS. IN GREAT VARIETYp. 100, 21/-: p. doz. 3/
	w varieties of our Beautiful English Tulips,
ENGLISH BIZARRE	RECTIFIED TULIPS.
Colours-scarlet, brownish-red, chestnut, maroon, c	or black on a lemon or deep yellow ground, with stain-
less yellow centre.	
Caliph, black on lemon ground ench-s. d 1 0	Lee's No. 2, bronze on yellow ground each—s, d 1 6
Charles X., madder-brown on bright yellow	Lord Frederick Cavendish, bright mahogany
ground I O	on gold 1 0
Colbert (Slater), chocolate on bright yellow	Lord Stanley, mahogany crimson on yellow
ground, very showy, dwarf 1 6 Commander, mahogany on yellow ground,	ground 1 6 Masterpiece, bronzy black on yellow ground 1 0
dwarf yettos ground;	Pilot, deep brick-red on yellow ground 2 6
dwarf 1 6 Dr. Hardy (Storer), dark scarlet on orange-	Sir Joseph Paxton, deep maroon on lemon.
yellow ground, extra showy and handsome 2 6	yellow ground, very handsome 2 0
Duke of Devonshire, chocolate-black on lemon-yellow ground, large and handsome 2 6	Sulphur (Birtwistle), mahogany-brown on yellow ground 1 6
George Hayward, rich crimson-maroon on	William Wilson, crimson-bronze on yellow
go'd, large and handsome 1 6	ground, good form 3 6
ENGLISH BIZARRE	BREEDER TULIPS.
All self-colours—shades of red, maroon, chestnut, b	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Criterion, crimson-maroon 2 6	Lord Stanley, deep plum-red 2 6
Dr. Dolton, bright brown 2 6	Masterpiece, golden-brown 2 6
Excelsior, dull brown 2 6	Sir Joseph Paxton, dark chocolate-brown 2 6
Favonius, dark brown 2 6 John Heap buff-brown 1 6	Sulphur (Birtwistle), light olive-brown 2 6 Willism Lee, beautiful dark brown 3 6
John Heap, buff-brown 1 6 Lord Provost, orange-brown 3 6	William Wilson, golden-brown 2 6
	· "
ЕМОГІЗН ВАВГОЕМЕТ	
Colours-violet, purple, or dark maroon, on a cle	car white ground, and with a stainless white centre.
Adonis, purple and black on white ground 3 6	Mrs. Pickerill, deep plum-purple on white
Agnes, dark purple on white ground 2 6	Princess Royal, crimson-black on white
Bessie, brilliant purple on white ground, dwarf, extra 3 6	ground, very handsome 1 6
Chancellor, violet-purple on white ground 1 6	Salvator Rosa, purple-black on white
David Jackson, almost black on white ground 5 6	ground, extra 5 6 Talisman, riolet-black on white ground 1 6
Friar Tuck, purple on white ground 3 6 Lord Denman, puce-purple on white ground,	Talisman, violet-black on white ground t 6 Trip to Stockport, violet-purple on white
fine per doz. 5/6 0 6	ground 1 6
fine per doz. 5/6 0 6 Mrs. Jackson, black on white ground, extra 7 6	
ENGLICH DVDLOEME	M ADECDED THUDS
ENGLISH BYBLOEME	,
All self-colours—shades of violet, purple, or dark	-
Agnes, rich violet-purple, very handsome 2 6 George Hardwick, riolet 5 6	Talisman, slate-purple 3 6
	VECTIFIED THE LOC
ЕЙОПЗН КОЗЕ Н	RECTIFIED TULIPS.
Colours—rose, crimson, or scarlet, on a pure whi	te ground, with a stainless dazzling white centre.
Aglaia, rose on white ground 1 6	Lady Sefton, bright crimson on white ground 2 6
Anastasia, rich crimson on white ground 2 6	Little Poll, deep rose on white ground, dwarf i 6 Lord Derby, brilliant rose-scarlet on white
Annie McGregor, brilliant rose-scarlet on white ground 3 6	Mabel, beautiful rose on white ground, of
white ground 3 6 Heroine, deep rose on white ground 1 0 Industry, bright scarlet-cerise on white	ine form 1 0
Industry, bright scarlet-cerise on white	Modesty, beautiful soft rose on white ground 3 6
ground 20	
ENGLISH ROSE I	
All self-colours-shades of rose, crimson and	scarlet with a stainless drizzling white centre.
Annie McGregor, deep rose-scarlet 5 6 Industry, beautiful intense scarlet-cerise 2 6	Lord Derby, brilliant rose-scarlet 2 6
Seedling English Rose Breeder Tulips, some lovely	colours amongst these 3 6
BARR & SON, 12 King St	reet, Covent Garden, London.
DILLET OF DOM, IN ILINE DE	Tool, or tour and doll, molluon,

DARK S HARDI NONSOCH DAFFODII	25, INCOMPARABILIS, AND BARRII. 9
Nonsuch Yellow Varieties, with orange-per doz. each sained cups, continued. s. d. s. d.	Peerless Nonsuch White Varieties.
‡GWYTHER, large broad yellow perianth, large cup suffused orange.	(Varieties of Incomparabilis albus.)
per 100, 25/ 3 60 4	per doz. each
*MRS. A. F. BARRON, perianth yellow, cup margined bright orange-scarlet, a	*FAIR HELEN, perianth creamy white and well formed, straight cup elegantly
small neat flower per 100, 10s. 6d. 1 60 3	edged orange-scarlet 4 6 6
*TITAN, perianth yellow, cup margined orange, flower large and well formed per 100, 105, 6d. 1 6	*GOLIATH, large white perianth, barred yellow, large yellow cup 10 61 0
'	¶JAMES BATEMAN, pure white
Nonsuch Sulphur-coloured Varieties. (Varieties of Incomparabilis sulphureus.)	flower of good substance and finest
*BEAUTY, perianth sulphur, barred	form, extra
yellow, cup large, margined orange-	yellow cupper 100, 25/ 3 60 4
scarlet, large handsome flower 15 o1 6	§MABEL COWAN, perianth white,
**HOGARTH, full yellow, cup very large and expanded, a quaint flower 10 61 0	cup broadly margined orange-scarlet,
*KING OF THE NETHERLANDS,	a fine flower of good substance, extra 21 02 0 *MARY ANDERSON, perianth pure
perianth sulphur, cup very large,	white, cup bright orange-scarlet, weak
spreading and stained orange, very	constitution (Barrii conspicuus and
distinct and beautiful	ference) 10 61 0
cup, fine flowerper 100, 10s. 6d. 1 60 3	**POITEAU, perianth white, cup
**PRINCE OF WALES, perianth	yellow, a stiff firm habit 5 6 6
sulphur, cup stained orange-scarlet 10 61 0	*QUEEN BESS, large white perianth,
*QUEEN SOPHIA, perianth sulphur,	with large light yellow much expanded cup, very beautiful, and earliest of this
cup very large, spreading, and frilled, heavily stained orange-scarlet, very	section, extraper 100, 25s. 3 60 4
distinct, extra, 1st Class Certificate	*STELLA, large white perianth, with
R.H.S	yellow cupp. 1000, 30/; p.100,4/6 0 10
*SIR WATKIN, perianth rich sul- phur, cup yellow, tinged with orange;	NARCISSUS BARRII.
the largest in the section of chalice-shaped cups, extraper 100, 55s. 7 60 9	(Star Narcissus.)
‡SPLENDENS, large broad imbri-	Nonsuch and Peerless, Shortened Chalice-
cated sulphur perianth, large cup	CUPPED DAFFODILS.
edged orange-scarlet, very handsome 7 60 9	All the varieties of Barrii are beautiful for indoor
Peerless Nonsuch Varieties.	decoration, 3 or 5 bulbs in a 5-inch pot. For beds, borders, and naturalization exceedingly valuable. These range under
*ALBERT VICTOR, sulphur-white peri-	the name "STAR NARCISSUS," and are included in Mr.
anth, large and elegantly expanded	William Robinson's remarks ON PAGE 3.
cup, very distinctper 100, 10s. 6d. 1 60 3	Barr's Yellow Daffodils.
*BERTIE, perianth sulphur-white and broad, cup yellow, edged orange,	*CONSPICUUS, large broad spread- s. d. s. d.
beautiful per 100, 128, 6d, 2 0 0 3	ing yellow perianth, broad short cup,
¶COMMANDER, pale sulphur peri-	conspicuously edged bright orange-
anth, large yellow cup heavily stained orange-scarlet, fine bold flower and	scarlet, a flower of great beauty and refinement, extra, 1st Class Certificate
strong grower, extra	R.H.Sper 100, 55/ 7 60 9
*CYNOSURE, large primrose perianth changing to white, large conspicuously	*GOLDEN MARY, bright golden-yellow, very showy, late-flowering
stained orange-scarlet cup, remarkably	per 1000, 45/; per 100, 5/6 1 0
showyper 100, 7s. 6d. 1 3	*GOLDEN GEM, perianth rich yellow,
**GEORGE NICHOLSON, perianth pure white, cup clear yellow, of fine	cup edged orange, lateper 100, 8/6 1 3
form and great substance, extra 36 o3 6	*ORPHEE, primrose, cup beautifully edged bright orange-scarlet per 100, 45/ 6 60 8
*LORENZO, perianth soft primrose,	
changing to white, cup yellow, a very distinct beautiful varietyp. 100, 8s.6d. 1 3	Barr's Peerless Daffodils.
alstinet betterful tartetyp. 200; 00104. 2 3 III	(Varieties of Barrii albidus.)
Peerless Nonsuch Varieties.	*GENERAL MURRAY, creamy
(Varieties of Incomparabilis pallidus.)	white perianth, canary cup, elegantly
*PRINCESS MARY, perianth creamy	edged orange, very distinct, beautiful and free-floweringper 100, 15s. 2 30 3
white, broad and well imbricated, cup suffused orange-scarlet, large, much	*JOHN STEVENSON, perianth sulphur,
expanded, and perfectly smooth, fine	yellow cup, stained orange, p. 100, 10/6 1 60 3
form, extra, 1st Class Certificate R.H.S. 15 o1 6 †PRINCE TECK, broad finely-	*MAURICE VILMORIN, perianth broad, creamy white, cup lemon,
formed imbricated creamy white peri-	heavily stained orange-scarlet, very
anth, cup large and expanded 7 6 0 9	beautiful, extra 10 61 0
SEMI-PARTITUS, perianth pale prim-	*MIRIAM BARTON, perianth and cup soft delicate primrose, beautiful
rose, cup sulphur, decply lobed; a very beautiful and distinct species 7 60 9	per 100, 10/6 1 60 3
12 and 13 King St., Covent Garden, 1894.	

Barr's Peerless White Daffodils. (Varieties of Barrii albus.) per doz. each	Leeds' Eucharis-flowered Hybrid per doz. cach Daffodils, continued. s. d. s. d.
\$CROWN PRINCE, perianth white, cup large and heavily stained scarlet,	*MADGE MATTHEW, large white perianth, elegant white cnp
very large handsome flower, sturdy grower, extra	*MRS. LANGTRY, perianth white and broad, large white cup, edged
DOROTHY E. WEMYSS, large white perianth, with canary-yellow cup,	bright canary-yellow, beautiful, a free bloomer, extra
conspicuously edged orange-scarlet,	*MINNIE HUME, large white peri- anth, cup large and spreading, passing from canary to white; a
*FLORA WILSON, pure white perianth, cup canary edged orange-scarlet, a very striking flower, extra 27 62 6	very handsome flower, extra, 1st Class Certificate R.H.Sper 100, 50/ 7 60 9
†GOLDEN STAR, large white perianth, showy spreading cup, margined orange-scarlet	*M. MAGDALINE DE GRAAFF, broad white perianth, cup suffused
*SENSATION, large pure white perianth, cup canary, conspicuously edged	orange; usually 2-flowered; very distinct in flower and foliage
with orange-scarlet, beautiful, extra 48 o4 6	+ODDITY, silvery white, cup full of florets, very distinct
NARCISSUS LEEDSII. (Star Narcissus.)	†PALMERSTON, large spreading white perianth, elegant canary-coloured cup, late-flowering
Leeds' Eucharis-flowered Chalice-cupped White Daffodils, mostly fragrant.	‡PRINCESS OF WALES, small neat white perianth, large spreading
Very chaste Daffodils, beautiful in the Conservatory, 3 or 5 bulbs in a 5-inch pot. For beds, borders, and naturalization most charming. These range under	elegantly frilled white cup, a gem 36 o3 6
the name "STAR NARCISSUS," and are included in Mr. William Robinson's remarks ON PAGE 3.	*SUPERBUS, perianth white, large, and drooping, long white cupp. 100, 35/ 5 60 6
*LEEDSH, white starry flowers, sweet- scentedper 1000, 50/; per 100, 5/6 1 0 *AMABILIS, perianth white, and spread-	NARCISSUS MONTANUS.
ing, long white crownper 100, 10/6 1 60 3	Mountain Daffodil, with coffee-cup-shaped crown.
ACIS, perianth white, cup stained orange passing to apricotp. 100, 30/4 60 6	MONTANUS, distinct, elegant drooping flowers, perianth and cup white 4 60 6
*BEATRICE, perianth finely formed, and remarkably elegant cup. Of hybrid daffodils this is the purest	MADOICCHE MIIMBI
white; the flower possesses the highest type of beauty, extra	NARCISSUS HUMEI. Hume's Straight-Crowned Daffodils.
**CERES, pure white, very small neat cup 7 60 9	Remarkable in pots, and admirably adapted for
*DUCHESS OF BRABANT, perianth white, cup canary, a useful elegant free-flowering varietyper 100, 6/6 1 30 3	*HUME'S CONCOLOR, perianth and
*DUCHESS OF WESTMINSTER, large white perianth, long canary cup,	trumpet uniform yellow, a very remarkable hybrid
tinged orange on first expanding; distinct and very handsome, extra, 1st Class Certificate R.H.S	*HUME'S GIANT, perianth yellow, changing to sulphur, trumpet yellow; flower very large and remarkably characteristic
*ELEGANS, true, large drooping white perianth, somewhat shouldered,	characteristicper 100, 25/ 3 60 4
long white cup, sometimes stained apricot, very distinct. Figured in Gardeners' Magazine of Botany 15 o1 6	NARCISSUS BACKHOUSEI.
*FANNY MASON, perianth white, cup canary, a neat flowerper 100, 8/6 1 30 3	Backhouse's characteristic Daffodils, with coffee cup-shaped crown.
*FLORA, perianth and cup white, elegant drooping flowerper 100, 25/ 3 60 4	Suitable for pot-culture, beds, borders, and naturalization.
*GEM, perianth white, a remarkably fine formed flower, elegant white cup, a beautiful variety, extra	*BACKHOUSEI, bold handsome flower with long yellow cup, nearly equalling the length of the distinct
GRAND DUCHESS, perianth white, cup spreading, and deeply stained orange, a charming early variety, extra 21 02 0	\$\$JOSEPH LAKIN, sulphur perianth, yellow cup, distinct
thon. MRS. BARTON, large broad pure white perianth, cup expanded,	*WOLLEY DOD, large spreading primrose perianth, and short deep yellow trum-
and passing from primrose to white, a very distinct variety, extra	*WILLIAM WILKS, closely imbri-
*KATHERINE SPURRELL, perianth white, broad, and overlapping, cup canary; large flower, very distinct, extra 36 o3 6	cated spreading primrose perianth, with striking orange-yellow trumpet, frilled brimper 100, 15/ 2 3 0 3
	[Barr and Son

DARK S HARDI DAFFODILS,	NE	T201	α,
NARCISSUS NELSON	II.		
Nelson's Daffodils, with goblet-sha		cup,	
Handsome for indoors, 3 bulbs in a 5-in tiful in beds, borders, and for natura	ch p	ot . her	
*NELSONI MATOR	ືສ.	d. s.	d.
*NELSONI MAJOR, perianth white, and large, cup yellow, frequently suffused with orange-scarlet on first opening, extra	6	60	8
*AURANTIUS (Nelson's Orange), broad flat white perianth, cup ribbed, expanded and suffused orange-scarlet, very distinct, extra, 1st Class Certifi- cate R.H.S.		6	6
*MINOR, perianth white, cup yellow, comparatively dwarf; distinguished by the pistil projecting beyond the brim of the cupper 100, 21/		00	
MRS. C. J. BACKHOUSE, broad, pure white perianth, cup yellow and expanded, very handsome, extra			0
*PULCHELLUS, perianth white, cup yellow: distinguished by the campanu late shape and the closely imbricated perianth, extra			
*WILLIAM BACKHOUSE, white broad imbricated perianth, clear yellow cup, beautiful per 100, 40/	7	60	9
7, 100, 40,	D.	00	Ü
NARCISSUS MACLEA	II.		
MACLEAII (Panza bicolor and Diomedes			
minor), flowers small, white perianth, yellow cup, robust, dwarfper 100, 9/	I	6	
NARCISSUS BERNARI	OI.		
Bernard's Long and Short-Crowned		odil.	
BERNARDI, perianth white, cup variable in size and colour, yellow, or yellow stained orange. Mr. Barr found this pretty Hybrid growing where N. Poeticus and Ajax variifornis intermingle		00	4
‡H. E. BUXTON, perianth white, cup bright orange-scarlet, very beautiful	J		7
and remarkably free-flowering entra		_	6

NARCISSUS TRIDYMUS. Three-Crowned Daffodils.

and remarkably free-flowering, extra 6

Charming for indoors 3 in a 5-inch pot, and elegant in beds, borders, and naturalized.

NARCISSUS ODORUS (Philogyne).

7 6...0 9

The Large Yellow fragrant Jonquil-like Daffodils.

Graceful for indoors 6 in a pot, and charming in beds,
borders, and naturalized.

ODORUS (the great 6-lobed) (Campernelli), perianth and cup full yellow per 1000, 35/; per 100, 4/6 0 9... ...

imbricated yellow perianth, yellow cup

HEMINALIS (the narrow-cupped), full yellow, a distinct rare species 10 6...1 0

RUGULOSUS, true (the great wrinkled yellow cup), broad imbricated perianth.....per 1000, 35/; per 100, 4/6 0 9... ... 12 and 13 King St., Covent Garden, 1894.]

NARCISSUS TRIANDRUS (Ganymedes).

Very graceful for indoors 6 to 12 in a 4 or 5-inch pot, and beautiful on rockwork.

This elegant Daffodil has been named by botanical authorities *Triandrus*, *Reflexus*, and *Calathinus*.

We have adopted Linnæus' name, Triandrus, per doz, each s, d. s. d.

*ALBUS (Angel's Tears), white, flowers variable in size, perianth elegantly reflexed, 1st size bulbs, p. 100, 105. 2 3...0 3 2nd size bulbs, p. 100, 105. 6d. 1 6......

2nd size bulbs, p. 100, 10s. 6d. ||CALATHINUS, large snow-white, flowers, extra. Collected on the "Glennans," by Mr. Barr, very rare,

Glennans, by Mr. Barr, very rare, strong home-grown bulbs 15 of...1 6

*CONCOLOR, uniform soft yellow, rare and beautifulhome-grown bulbs 6

*PALLIDULUS, sulphur - white, very beautiful. Collected in Spain by Mr. Barr, 1892 ...home-grown bulbs 7 6...0 9 N. Cyclamineus (see page 5) and N. Triandrus are the only Daffodils with reflexed petals.

NARCISSUS JUNCIFOLIUS.

The Least Rush-leaved Daffodil.

Elegant, 6 to 12 in a 4 or 5-inch pot, charming for rockwork, and suitable for edgings.

JUNCIFOLIUS, with graceful rich yellow flowers, a slender growing dwarf speciesper 100, 7s. 6d. 1 3... ...

RUPICOLA, bright deep yellow, cup spreading, very distinct. Collected by Mr. Barr in Spain, 1892
home-grown bulbs, per 100, 15/2 3...0 3

NARCISSUS INCOMPARABILIS PLENUS.

The Double-flowered Nonsuch & Peerless Daffodils.

Handsome 3 to 6 in a pot, the large massive flowers very attractive in-doors, and beautiful in beds, borders, or naturalized.

AURANTIUS PLENUS (Butter and Eggs), the double yellow Nonsuch Daffodil, with orange nectary, very effective in clumps and masses per 1000, 45/; per 100, 5/6 1 0......

ALBUS PLENUS AURANTIUS (Eggs and Bacon, or Orange Phœnix), white Peerless Daffodil, with orange nectary, very handsome ...per 100, 12/6 2 0...0 3

NARCISSUS ODORUS PLENUS.

Oueen Ann's Double Jonquil.

These beautiful rose-like double flowers, are charming indoors 3 to 6 in a pot, and beautiful in beds, borders, and naturalized.

ODORUS PLENUS, handsome rich full yellow flowers, resembling a small neat double rose, extra.....per 100, 40/5 6...0 6

DAFFODILS.-GROUP III.-PARVI-CORONATI (BAKER).

The Small-crowned Daffodil or True Narcissus, which includes

Burbidgei and Poeticus (the Purple-ringed Daffodil); Biflorus (the Primrose-Peerless Daffodil); Polyanthus or many-flowered Narcissus (Hermione and Helena of Haworth); Gracilis, Schizanthes orientalis, and Sweet-smelling Jonquils.

DISTINGUISHING CHARACTER—Crown less than half as long as the divisions of the perianth.

In this series, Poeticus (the purple-ringed Daffodil) is the true Narcissus; Burbidgei is a hybrid one remove from Poeticus, and is the connecting link between Groups II. and III. (See Coloured Plate in "The Garden," 1880.) Biflorus is Parkinson's Primrose-Peerless. Gracilis and Tenuior are the Helena of Haworth; Jonquil, the Jonquilla of Linnæus; Polyanthus Narcissus, the Hermione of Haworth and Tazetta of Sibthere.

The early-flowering Poeticus varieties commence flowering in March, and the late-flowering varieties close the Daffodil season in June. Burbidge's hybrids of Poeticus flower in succession from March to middle of May. Gracilis, Schizanthes orientalis, and the Double White Gardenia-flowered Daffodil, are among the latest

to bloom.

The Daffodils in this Group are graceful pot-plants for indoors, flowering with the Hyacinth, and should be cultivated in the same way, 3 or 6 bulbs in a 4 or 5-inch pot. The cut flowers of this section are greatly in demand for bouquets and vases. General cultural directions, page 3.

(Star Narcissus.)	
Burbidge's Hybrid Poet's Daffodils.	
These are all light and graceful for indoors 3 to 6 in a pot, and elegant in beds, borders, and naturalized. See what grand effect Mr. William Robinson produced with the varieties of Poeticus at Gravetye Manor, page 3.	
The Burbidget Narcissi differ from N. Poeticus in the cup of the flower being a trifle longer; they commence flowering in advance of Poeticus ornatus, and flower in succession one variety after another from March to the middle of May. per doz. each	
*BURBIDGEI, perianth clear white, s. d. s. d. cup margined with cinnabar-red, very early, and much prized for cutting, p. 1000, 50/; p. 100, 5/6 0 10	
*AGNES BARR, perianth creamy	
white, cup yellowper 100, 18s. 3 00 4	1
**BACCHUS, uniform fine yellow 3 60 4	-
‡BARONESS HEATH, perianth yellow, cup suffused throughout orange-scarlet, very distinct, extra 15 o 6 +REATRICE HESELTINE, large	
†BEATRICE HESELTINE, large creamy white perianth, cup conspicuously edged orange-sear, beautiful, extra36 o3 6	-
†CROWN PRINCESS, perianth pure white, canary cup, margined rich orange, beautiful and distinct, extra	
*CONSTANCE, perianth pale sulphur, going off white, cup expanded and conspicuously edged with orange-	-
*EDITH BELL, perianth alabaster-white,	1
cup canary, margined with orange, very pretty	1
(ELLEN BARR, broad snow-white perianth, cup citron, stained orange-scarlet, very beautiful, extra, p 100, 40/5 60 6	
*FALSTAFF, perianth snow-white, cup lemon, margined orange, p. 100, 15/ 2 30 3	1
*GUINEVER, perianth white and compact, cup canary and frilledper 100, 12/6 2 00 3	
*JOHN BAIN, large white perianth, cup citron, handsome, extra, p. 100, 12/6 2 00 3	
*LITTLE DIRK, neat primrose perianth, cup conspicuously edged orange-scarlet, the smallest flowered of the	
group, very neat and beautiful 5 60 6	-

NARCISSUS BURBIDGEI.

, as clear, as as corres, 1 2 . 3.			
Narcissus Burbidgai, continued.	8.	doz. ea	ch d.
§LOTTIE SIMMONS, perianth white, cup conspicuously margined orange- scarlet		60	4
*MARY, perianth white, expanded cup,			4
*MRS. KRELAGE, perianth sulphur		3 •	••
white, cup spreading, plaited and tinted with orange, late-floweringp. 100,15/	2	30	3
IMERCY FOSTER, white perianth, grace- fully frilled canary cupp.100, 15/	2	30	3
*MODEL, perianth clear white and compact, cup frilled and stained with orange, very beautifulper 100 30/	1	6 o	6
*OSSIAN, perianth white, with broad expanded orange-scarlet cup, beautifu	1		
‡PRINCESS LOUISE, large white		60	4
perianth, cup widely expanded and rich orange-scarlet, passing off apricot very beautiful, extra	2	02	0
*ROBIN HOOD, perianth white, cup lemon, stained with orange, p. 100, 7/6)	3	•••
TST. JOHN'S BEAUTY, large channelled	1		
pale sulphur perianth, cup beautifull frilled, and edged orange-scarlet, remarkable flower	1	5	6
§THE PET, perianth white, cuy)	_	
*VANESSA, neat compact yellow peri anth, with expanded cup, shape of	-		Ť
flower perfect and beautiful, p. 100, 15	/ 2	30	3
NARCISSUS POETIC (Star Narcissus.)	יטכ	3.	
The Purple-ringed Poet's Dat	fodi	1.	
Poeticus divides naturally into early and	late	flower genera	allv
known. It is from the early sect Poeticus ornatus that Covent Gar with forced cut flowers from Janu	aen	ıs suppi	nca
March and April Early-flowering	ıg I	Poetic	us.
Very heartiful for indoore e hulhs in	a s	or 5-2	r.ch
pot. Charming in beds, borders, and See what Mr. William Robinson says of effect of these at Gravetye Manor, page 3	}•		
ORNATUS (flat-crowned saffron rim)	per s.	doz. e	ach d.
perianth pure white, broad and we formed, cup margined with scarlet, ver	וו ע		
early, extra, per 1000, 35/-; per 100, 4/	6 c	10	•••
,, a few extra large bulbs per 100, 6/	6 :	3	•••

[Barr and Son,

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Narcissus Poeticus, per doz. each continued. s. d. s. d.	NARCISSUS JONQUILLA.
GRANDIFLORUS (true), perianth	The Yellow Sweet-smelling Jonquils.
pure white and very large, cup more or less suffused with crimson, extra 21 02 0	Extensively grown indoors, 6 bulbs in a pot, also much prized in the slower garden.
POETARUM (saffron-cupped), peri-	per doz. each
anth pure white and broad, cup bright orange-scarlet, extraper 100, 25s. 3 60 4	JONQUILLA MINOR, single, rich
PRECOX GRANDIFLORUS, large	full yellow, a graceful flower
and early-flowering, perianth pure	SINGLE JONQUIL, rich full yellowper 100, 38, 6d. 0 6
white, cup suffused crimson, tall grower 5 6 o 6	lowper 100, 3s. 6d. 0 6 ,, ,, extra large bulbsp. 100, 5/6 0 9
TRIPODALIS, perianth pure white	DOUBLE JONQUIL, rich full yellow,
and reflexed, cup deeply edged scarlet per 100, 158. 2 30 3	sweet smelling, small and very elegant
	flowersper 100, 12/6 2 00 3
May-flowering late Poeticus.	
POETICUS of Linnaus, the flowers	NARCISSUS INTERMEDIUS VARS.
about an inch in diameter, good sub- stance and well formed, perianth pure	
white, cup edged saffronp. 100, 12/6 2 00 3	Elegant Small Tazettas.
POETICUS OF GARDENS, perianth pure white, May-flowering,	Very charming pot-plants, and beautiful in the flower garden.
extra strong bulbs, p. 1000, 25/; p. 100, 3/6 0 8	BIFRONS, perianth full yellow, cup
Good selected bulbs for naturalization,	orange, very showy in bouquets 2 60 3
per 1000, 15s.; per 100, 2s. 0 6	†SUNSET, perianth canary-yellow, cup rich orange-scarlet, remarkably
*MARVEL, very distinct; perianth pure white, cup margined with saffron; a	beautiful and distinct, handsome as a
small bladder-like distended spathe	cut flower, extra
about an inch long appears weeks	
before the flower, and out of this in due course emerges the blossom	NARCISSUS BIFLORUS.
per 100, 15/ 2 30 3	Primrose Peerless White Daffodil.
PATELLARIS (Purpureus maximus	BIFLORUS, pure white perianth, yellow
of Parkinson), flowers large, handsome,	crown, a useful late-flowering daffodil
and very late. This is the single of the double white Gardenia flowered, extra 3 60 4	to naturalize, per 1000, 25/; per 100, 3/ 0 6
PYRENEAN SPECIES, flowers varied,	
some small and neat, others 4 inches in	NARCISSUS SCHIZANTHES.
diameter, and starry, very interesting,	SCHIZANTHES ORIENTALIS, perianth
successional flowering p. 100, 7/6 1 3	primrose, cup yellow, elegantly lobed
Double White Poeticus.	per 100, 7/6 1 3
GARDENIA - FLOWERED large	
double pure white sweet-scented Gar-	NARCISSUS, MUZART'S.
denia-like blossoms, prized for cutting per 1000, 35s.; per 100, 4/6 o 8	Beautiful in pots, and very striking in the flower garden.
NARCISSUS GRACILIS & TENUIOR.	TAZETTA ORIENTALIS, perianth
Rush-leaved May-flowering Graceful Daffodils.	white, cup orange, very distinct and
Elegant in pots, and in the flower garden.	beautiful, handsome as a cut flower,
GRACILIS, an elegant rush-leaved.	charming for pot-culture per 100, 10/6 1 90 3
Daffodil, 3 to 5-flowered, pure yellow,	
sweet-scentedper 100, 15/ 2 30 3	NARCISSUS DUBIUS.
TENUIOR (slender straw-coloured daffo- dil), perianth sulphury white, cup yellow,	DUBIUS, a very small beautiful
several flowers on a stem, per 100, 15/ 2 30 3	snow-white Tazetta, very rare species 2 6

CHARMING SMALL-FLOWERED DAFFODILS.

For pot-culture, these are very beautiful in-doors, and on rockwork most charming.

BARR AND SON'S SELECTIONS. Large Yellow Hoop PetticoatSee page 5 Minimus See page 6 White Hoop Petticoat ,, ,, 5 Nanus, ,, ,, 6 Moschatus ,, ,, 7 Macleayi, ,, ,, 11 Triandrus albus (Angel's Tears) ,, ,, 11 Large Early-flowering Yellow Hoop calathinus, ,, ,, 11 Petticoat ,, ,, 5 Juncifolius, ,, ,, II Cyclamineus major, 5 Minor, 6 Rupicola ... , , , , 11 12 and 13 King St., Covent Garden, 1894.]

A SELECTION OF

CHEAP DAFFODILS FOR NATURALIZATION IN GRASS, &c.

On page 3 will be found an extract from Mr. William Robinson's Paper read at the CONFERENCE ON HARDY FLOWERS, CHISWICK, July 8 and 9, 1891. The grand effect produced, combined with the pleasure he enjoyed at Gravetye Manor from Narcissi planted in MEADOW, ORCHARD, and OAK GROVE, was such as he might have experienced in an Alpine valley, but with this difference, he could gaze on the scene and enjoy the pleasure daily, and all this at a comparatively small outlay.

SELECTIONS OF DAFFODILS, Groups I., II., and III.,

To plant in Grass, Orchards, Woodland Walks, Shrubberies, and by Streams and Lakes.

1000 in 20 var. 84/, in 30 var. 105/, in 50 var. 120/. 250 in 20 var. 24/, in 30 var. 30/, in 50 var. 35/. 100 in 20 var. 45/, in 30 var. 55/, in 50 var. 63/. 100 in 20 var. 10/6, in 30 var. 12/6.

Choice mixed Daffodils of many sorts for naturalizationpe	r 1000), 30/; r	er 10	0, 4/6.
Fine ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	21	21/;	11	3/6.
The Peerless Daffodils. or Chalice cupped Star Narcissi, mixed colours (Incomparabilis, Barrii, and Leedsii varieties) for naturalization in grass, &c. The grand effect of these light graceful Daffodils must be seen to be realized as naturalized plants. Their value as cut flowers for bouquets and vases cannot be over-cstimated. (See what Mr. William Robinson says of them, page 3)	.,	42/;	.,	5/6.
Trumpet Daffodils, mixed, including Princeps, Abscissus, Lent				
Lily, Telamonius plenus, etc., for naturalization	2.7	42/;	11	5/6.
Poet's Daffodils, or Star Narcissi, in mixture, including early and late-flowering Poeticus and varieties of Burbidgei, for				
naturalization in grass, etc. For cutting the flowers are greatly prized	22	42/;	11	5/6.

It may interest those who naturalize plantations of Daffodils to know their origin, and this has been done, as far as we have knowledge, in the following list.

N.B.—In the preceding pages the Daffodils quoted below will be found fully described.

TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

	p.	100. p.d	oz.
	s.	d. s.	d.
ABSCISSUS, Pyreneanper 1000, 45/	- 5	6 0	10
BASTEMIL, Spanish	25	0 3	
CAMOENS, Portuguese	12	6 2	0
DANIEL DEWAR, Spanish	15	0 2	3
EDWARD LEEDS, English seedling	12	6 2	õ
GARLAND LILY, Scotch per 1000, 50/	- 5	6 0	10
JOHNSTONI QUEEN OF SPAIN, Spanish	17	6 2	6
,, ,, ,, and size bulbs	12	6 2	0
LENT LILY, Englishper 1000, 18/6	2	3	
MAJOR, Pyrenean	7	6 r	3
Moschatus, Pyrenean	12	6 2	o
OBVALLARIS (Tenby Daffodil), Welsh	10	6 т	6
OPORTO YELLOW, Portuguese	10	6 r	6
PALLIDUS PRÆCOX, Pyrenean	10	6 r	6
PRINCEPS, Italianper 1000, 60/	7	6 r	3
RUGILOBUS, Swiss	IO	6 т	6
Spurius, Dutch	12	6 2	0
THOMAS MOORE, English seedling		6 r	6
VARIIFORMIS, Pyrenean		6 т	3
	-		3

INCOMPARABILIS (Star Narcissi).

AUTOCRAT,	English	hybrid	,	21	0 3	0
ALBERT VICT	OR, ,,	1)		10	6 r	6
BERTIE,	,,	3.9		12	6 2	0
CYNOSURE,	11	31				3
FIGARO,	23	**				0
LEEDSI,	2.0	3.5	•••••			6
LORENZO,	2.0	"				3
MAGOG,		,,,	••••••		6 I	6
MRS. A. F. BA	ARRON,	- 11	••••••		6 I	6
STELLA,			1000, 30/			
TITAN, Frence	n nyorid	•••••	•••••••	10	b I	6

BARRII (Star Narcissi).

GENERAL MURRAY, English hybrid	15	0	2	3
GOLDEN MARY, ,, p. 1000, 45/	5	6	1	0
JOHN STEVENSON, English hybrid	10	6	I	6
MIRIAM BARTON,	10	6	ĭ	6

LEEDSII (Star Narcissi).

					d.		
AMABILIS,	English	hybr	id	IO	6	1	6
DUCHESS OF	BRABANT,	7,		6	6	1	3
FANNY MAS	ON, ,,	11		8	6	I	3
LEEDSH type	,,	"	p. 1000, 50/	5	6	I	0

BACKHOUSE'S DAFFODIL.

BACKHOUSE	WILLIAM WILKS, French			
hybrid		15	0 2	3

BERNARD'S DAFFODIL.

BERNARDH, VARIOUS, Pyrenean hybrid 21 o ... 3 6

POETS' NARCISSI (Star Narcissi).

Description of the Park to Late of the Park of the Par

BURBIDGEI type, Zi	rgusn	nyoria					
		oer 100					
,, Constance, E							
,, EDITH BELL,		,,		IO	6	1	6
,, Guinever,				12	6	2	0
,, John Bain,	,,	9.9		12	6	2	0
" MARY,	22	11		8	6	1	3
,, Robin Hood,	,,	,,,		7	6	I	3
" Vanessa,		,,,		15	0	2	3
POETICUS ORNATUS,	Frenci						
, of Gardens,	>>	p. 1000	0, 15/	2	0	0	6

TWO-FLOWERED DAFFODILS.

BIFLORUS (Primrose Peerless)

per 1000, 25/ 3 0... 0 6

GRACEFUL DAFFODIL.

GRACILIS, Yellow 15 0... 2 3

DOUBLE FLOWERED DAFFODILS.

TELAMONIUS PLENUS (Double Yellow			
Daffodil, Italian)per 1000, 50/	5	6 r	C
BUTTER AND EGGS, French, p. 1000, 45/			0
EGGS AND BACON (gardens)	12	6 2	0
GARDENIA-FLOWERED, English			
per 1000, 35/	4	6 0	8

[Barr and Son,

BEAUTIFUL SPECIES OF CROCUSES.

AUTUMN, WINTER, AND SPRING-FLOWERING.

FOR EARLY PLANTING.

BARR'S BEAUTIFUL AUTUMN-FLOWERING CROCUSES.

Autumn-flowering Species of Crocuses, most of which are rare, and cannot fail to be acceptable to cultivators of hardy flowers, as they form an interesting link in the floral succession. Commencing in August they continue to bloom till followed by the Winter-flowering Crocus species in December; then follow the Early Spring-flowering Species in January, preceding the large-flowered Spring-flowering varieties of Crocus Vernus (known as Dutch Crocuses). In the nomenclature of these beautiful species of Crocus we have followed Mr. George Maw's noble monograph.

Attro or planted	Select active in slowe lout in cold fi		Beautiful S nd most char are most beau								ots in	door	s,
3 each of	20 beautiful 20 ,,	varieties		s. 0	5 ;	each	of 12 1	beautiful	varieties	. 7/6. 10/	6, &	s. d	0

1 each of the 29 varie	eties enumerated, 18/ " 3/, 4/0,	0 0
per doz. each		doz. each
Asturicus, purple lilac, darker stripes at		d. s. d.
baseper 100, 7/6 1 2	Ochroleucus, creamy white, bright	60 4
,, azureus, a finc blue variety ,, 15/ 2 60 3	orange base	60 6
,, atro-purpureus, dark purple 2 60 3	Luichelius, lavender-blue per too tel 2	600
	saizmanni, illac, dark feathered p. 100.4/6 o	0
" cilicicus, lilac, veined purple at	Sativus, purpleper 100, 3/6 o ,, Cartwrightianus, lilac, with scar-	8
base	let stigma	60 4
,, var. Mazziaricus, white with	,, albus, rare and beautiful 15	
orange throat 6	,, Hausknechtn, very floriferous	60 9
Hadriaticus, pure white	, Paliasii, lilac, delicately veined	60 6
,, chrysobelonicus, white, with yellow throat, pencilled at base with		60 3
reddish lines, very pretty 7 60 9 Iridiflorus, large rich purple, inner seg-	stigma, very effective in lines and	
ment pale lilac, handsome, p. 100, 15/2 60 3 Longiflorus (Odorus), soft rose-lilac,	masses	o
DCr 100, 5/6, 0, 10		· _ ····3 6
Medius, purple-lilac, lighter at base 2 60 3	Zonatus, rose-lilac, with scarlet zone.	60 4
,, var. parmus 9		00 3

BEAUTIFUL WINTER-FLOWERING SPECIES OF CROCUSES.

These beautiful winter-flowering Crocuses succeed the autumn-flowering species, and, weather permitting, are decorative in December and January

and January.		icy a	
1		loz.	
A Control of the same of the s	8.	d. :	s. d.
Aërius, bright blue, feathered purple			3 6
Chrysanthus, rich orangepcr 100, 7/6	1	2	
,, albidus, white, with blue base	IO	6	τ ο
,, fusco-lineatus, clear yellow, striped		٠	
crimson-brownper 100, 21/	3	60	0 4
,, fusco-tinctus, clear yellow, stained	_		
brownper 100, 10/6	1	6) 3
,, superbus (new), rich orange-vellow.			- 3
with conspicuous scarlet stigma,			
very striking	TO	6	
Dalmaticus, true lilac, outer segments	*	0	. 0
shaded fawn	_	6 -	
J. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	5	60	0

ry enective for rockwork, cold fi	cames, and po	t-cu	lture.	
1	1		loz. ea	
Etruscus, white, lined pu			d. s.	
Gaillardotti, small - flowe white, suffused lile	ac on outer	2	60	3
segments Imperati, violet, fawn, and	black, very		2	
beautiful and distinct Korolkowi, yellow, oute	r segments			
smeared purple, rare	•••••	10	61	0
Sieberi, bright purple		I	3	
Suaveolens, violet, fawn, ar Susianus, golden-yellow, str	id purple	5	60	6
1.	per 100, 2/	0	6	

bright orange......per 100, 7/6 1 3... ...

1 each of the above 14 named species, 9/.

BEAUTIFUL AND RARE SPRING-FLOWERING CROCUSES.

These are all very beautiful, lighting up the garden while the year is still very young, with bright and varied colours. Masses are very effective early in February in grass or on rockwork. All the Crocuses offered in this quotation are quite distinct from the large spring-flowering Dutch Crocuses (varieties of C. Vernus.) Selections of Beautiful Spring-Flowering

Defections of Bea	tuttful Spring Flowering Crocus Species.
3 each 25 varieties	s. d. s. d 21 o 3 each 12 varieties
Aureus, rich golden-yellow, var. lacteus, creamy white, sulphureus concolor, beautiful soft sulphur colour, fine for lines and massesper 100, 2/	per doz. each s. d. s. d. 2 60 3 4 60 6 Aureus var. striatus, beautiful sulphur, striped crimson-brown, p.100, 3/6 0 8 Balansæ, orange, feathered crimson

12 and 13 King St., Covent Garden, 1894.]

per doz. each	I	er d	loz. ea	eh
* s. d. s. d.			d. s.	d.
Biflorus estriatus, rose-lilac, outer seg-	Tommasinianus, pale sapphire-lavender,			
ments buff 7 60 9	per 100, 5/6		10	
" minor, inner segments lilac, outer	Vernus concinus		60	
segments striped purple, early,	,, Emperor	7	60	9
free and prettyper 100, 10/6 1 30 3	,, George Maw, white, with a bright			
,, Pestalozzoe, innumerable small	golden stigmatic band running			
white flowers, with yellow base,	up the centre of each outer			
rising from amidst tufts of long	segment	7	60	9
slender grassy foliage, rare 5 60 6	Ira Aldridge, pretty pale lilac,			
,, pusillus, white, outer segments fea-	flushed whiteper 100, 10/6	I	60	3
thered, throat orange p. 100, 10/6 1 6	Leedsil, rich purple, with white			
Weldeni, flowers from pure white	apex, very distinct and pretty	I	60	3
to mauve, stained blue 3 60 4	" leucorhyncus (Pheasant's Fea-			Ť
,, ,, albus, white, blue at basc 10 61 0	ther), white, feathered purple,			
albidge white outer cor	distinct and beautiful		60	q
ments shaded lilac 7 60 9	, leucostigma, rich purple, with			
Carpetanus, pale purple 7 60 9	white stigma		60	4
Malyi, white, with orange throat 6	,, obovatus		60	
Obesus, purple, shading to darker purple	, Petro Polowsky	5	60	
	, variegatus		60	
	Versicolor obscura		60	
	, picturatus, white, striped purple	3	60	
	atmintana		60	
Stellaris, orange, feathered purplc-	,, Sulabus	2	00	3
brown, showyper 100, 3/6 0 8				

YARIOUS BEAUTIFUL AUTUMN-FLOWERING BULBS.

AUTUMN-FLOWERING MEADOW SAFFRONS (Colchicums).

The great Crocus-like flowers of Colchicum, the Autumn Meadow-Saffron, are beautiful and attractive in September and October, the colours ranging from pure white to intense crimson, and more or less chequered or tesselated. In flower borders charming. Naturalized in grass the Meadow-Saffron is most beautiful.

01 (00000111100		Brace in Bra		don		ea	ah
					•		
Class to Language		rich					
Colenieum	autumnaie,	rich rosc-purpleper 100, 10/6					
11	11				•••		
3.7	3.1	" plenum, purc white, large and very double					
11	,,	atro-purpureum, dcep purple, striped palc pink, very dwarf	5	6		0	6
21	,,	plenum, lilac, large and very double per 100, 21/					4
11		roseum, rose, 7/6					3
	"	striatum plenum, very pretty double striped flowers					
"	Dironm lor	ge rosy lilac flowers, a fine species					
21	bivonæ, iai	ge rosy mac nowers, a fine species		•	•••	0	9
23	byzantinui	n, very beautiful rose-coloured flowers perfect in form, and produced		_			0
		at profusion					
12	Parkinsoni	, petals gracefully reflexed, and beautifully chequered rose-lilac and white	7	6	***	0	9
22	Sibthorpi,	new, flowers very large, rosy purple chequered, the largest of the					
		icums				2	6
		rubrum, intense dark ruby-crimson, petals of great substance, very					
11		and handsome	"	6		0	_
					•••		
11			3	O	•••	U	4
22	variegatur	n, syn. tesselatum and Agrippinum, chequered rose-purple and					
		white, very pretty per 100, 10/6	I	6	***	3	0
	11	pallidum , 10/6	I	6		3	0
• •	•					-	

HARDY AUTUMN-FLOWERING CYCLAMEN.

At the bottom of old walls facing the north, on rockwork, or nestling in the grass close to the roots and under the shade of old trees, these Autumn Cyclamen are most beautiful. They require perfect drainage, and shelter from cutting winds and from hot sun in summer. For winter and spring-flowering Hardy Cyclamen, see our General Bulb Catalogue.

Cyclamen Africanum, enormous heart-shaped dentated leaves, with large silvery-green zone, very handsome, requires protection of sticks or leaves in frosty weather.....per doz. 10/6; each 1 or Europæum, crimson, sweet-scented, quite hardy roots from open ground,

p. 100, 21/; p. doz. 3/6; ,, or yellow, and the second of the

STERNBERGIA LUTEA, The Lily of the Field.

ZEPHYRANTHES CANDIDA, The Flower of the West Wind, or Peruvian Swamp Lily.

REDUCING THE LIST OF DAFFODILS WHICH APPEARED IN "YE NARCISSUS OR DAFFODIL."

The first Daffodil Conference, held April 1st, 1884, by the Royal Horticultural Society, elected a Daffodil Committee, who delegated the late Mr. Thomas Moore and our Mr. Peter Barr to draw up a list of the names of all Daffodils at the time in cultivation. This report was in due time presented, and the list appeared in all the gardening papers. On this followed a descriptive list of Daffodils with the names of the raisers who had originated new varieties during the present half of this century. This list appeared in the "Florist and Pomologist," and afterwards was appended to a brochure by F. W. B., entitled "Ye Narcissus or Daffodil," and intended as a permanent record, not only of modern Daffodils, but of all that had been known to exist from the days of Parkinson. Since 1884 we have considerably reduced the number of these modern Daffodils, and the following is a list of varieties we have discarded or are otherwise non-existent. A leaflet of these obliterated Daffodils, specially prepared, will be supplied on application to those who possess "Ye Narcissus or Daffodil." B. Backhouse, L. Leeds, Leich. Leichtlin.

TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

A. F. Barron, L.
Boaconsfield, B.
Backhonse's Queen, B.
Corporal Trim, L.
Cleopatra, L.
Chiuese Gordon, L.
Charles Dickens, L.
David Walker, L,
Duke of Ediuburgh, B.
Duchess of Edinburgh, B.
Evening Star, L.
F. D. C. Godman, B.
G. H. Engleheart, L.
Gladstone, L.
Green Back, L.
John Bright, L.
Jeannette, L.
J. W. H. Barr, B.
Khedive, L.
Lady Doneraile, L.
Lord Mayor, L.
Mrs. Gladstone, L.
Mrs. Gladstone, L.
Mrs. Shirley Hibberd, B.
Major Luteus, L.
Marie Louise, B.
Major Luteus, L.
Mrs. Harrison Weir, B.
Mrs. Harrison Weir, B.
Mrs. James Walker, L.
Mrs. William Goldring, B.
Nelson's Pseudo-Narcissus,

L, Nell-Barry, B. President Arthur, L. President Liucoln, L. President Garfield, B. Prince of Wales, B. Paul Eugleheart, B. Rebecca Syme, B. Sir Charles Dilke, B. Seraph, L. Sims Reeves, L. Sir Robert Peel, B.

INCOMPARABILIS DAFFODILS.

Astrea, L.
Albidus Type, L.
Annie Baden, L.
Adonis, L.
Albus Type, L.
Bella, L.
Blucher, L.
Bianca, B.
Bride, L.
Burdett, L.
Concolor Type, L.

INCOMPARABILIS

DAFFODILS—continued.
Chaug, L.
C. H. Dec, B.
Charles Hooper, L.
Cupid, L.
Consul Crawford, L.
Claribel, L.
Darling, L.
Darling, L.
Daute, L.
Desdeuoua, L.
Dove, L.
Duke of Buccleuch, L.
Edighso, B and L.
Edward Hart, L.
Fairy L.
Fitzjames, B.
Formosus, B.
Glow, L.
G. F. Wilson, B.
Gil Blus, L.
Gog, B.
Hector, L.
HAC, Smith, L.
Jenny Lind, L.
Johnuy Sands, L.
J. F. Meston, B.
J. T. D. Llewelyn, B.
Joan, L.
Jane Kolle, B.
Lougshanks, L.
Louis Serres, B.
Mrs. A. F. Barron, B.
Miss Neilson, L.
Mrs. Mestou, B.
Mrs. G. F. Wilson, B.
Mrs. G. F. Wilson, B.
Narmion, L.
Montrose, B.
Mrs. G. F. Wilson, B.
Narmion, L.
Provost, B.
Prestics, L.
Primrose Gem, B.
Prestics, L.
Primrose Gem, B.
Rosa Bonheur, B.
Snn. Ray, L.
Sycorax, B.
Snnlight, L.
Sulphnreus Type, L.
Sir Christopher Wren, B.

Snrprise, L. Themistocles, L. Vesta, L. Wellington, L.

Winslow, L. William Bull, L.

BARRII DAFFODILS.

Amy, B.
Albidus Type, L.
Ada, B.
Ada, B.
Albus Type, L. and B.
Amore, B.
Bearti Type, B.
Beatrice Murray, B.
Cinderella, B.
Distinctiou, B.
Desdemona, B.
Eccles, B.
Gazelle, B.
Grace Darling, B.
Herbert von Bismarck,
Leich.
Hotspur, L.
Imogen, B.
Lewel, B.
Lass O'Gowrio, B.
Lily, B.
Liz, B.
Lucy, B.
Lady Gray, B.
Major, L.
Mitton, B.
Mrs. Horace Darwin, B.
Mrs. Horace Darwin, B.
Mrs. Horace Darwin, B.
S. A. de Graaff, B.
Silver Star, B.
Salplureus Type, B.
Sylvia, B.
S. A. de Graaff, B.
Silver Star, B.
Tall Golden Mary, L.
Vivian, B.
William Ingram, B.

LEEDSII DAFFODILS.

Aglain, L.
Alexis, B.
Albion, L.
Atomy, L.
Ariadne, L.
Arsinoe, L.
Circe, L.
Cybele, L.
Favourite, L.
Flora Macdonald, B.
Genii, B.
Grand Duke, B.
Lanthe, L.
Lo, L.
Juno, L.
Leda, L.
Mignoune, B.

LEEDSII DAFFODILS-

continued.

Mande, B.
Modesty, B.
Mrs. Barclay, B.
Mrs. Barclay, B.
Purity, B.
Queen of Eugland, B.
Silver King, L.
Veuns, L.

HUMEI DAFFODIL.

Hume's Sulphur, L.

BACKHOUSEI,

Cupid, Leich. Daisy, Leich. H. J. Elwes, B.

NELSONI DAFFODILS.

Nelsoni Type, L. Margaret Joues, Leich.

TRIDYMUS DAFFODIL.

Inuoceuce, B.

BURBIDGEI DAFFODILS.

Arabella, B.
Alice Barr, B.
Amorct, B.
Amorct, B.
Ariel, L.
Anut June, B.
Beanty, B.
Boz, B.
Cowslip, B.
Crown Pruce, B.
Dandy, L.
Empress Engenie, B.
Elegans, B.
Ethel. B.
Gracilis, B.
Gunever, B.
Johanua, B.
Jonny Deans, B.
Jenny Deans, B.
Jenny Deans, B.
Jenny Deans, B.
Silphur Star, B.
Sulphur Star, B.
Thomas Moore Absolon, B.
Topsy, B.
Wallace, L.

BARR & SON'S SURBITON NURSERIES, LONG DITTON,

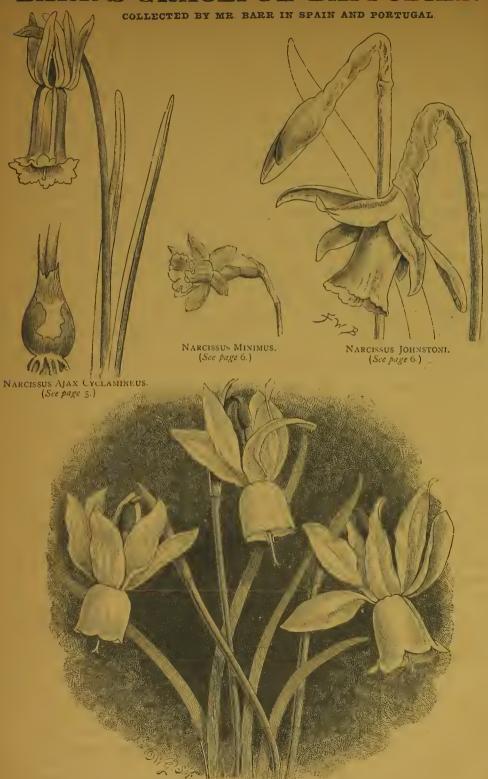
Close to the Surbiton Recreation Grounds and a few minutes from Railway Station.

Visitors are invited to Inspect TWO MILLION DAFFODILS, in FIVE HUNDRED VARIETIES, flowering during March, April, and May. The Grandest Sight in the World of these most Beautiful Hardy Spring Flowers,

Visitors invited to BARR & SON'S Grounds, Spring, Summer, and Autumn, to see their Specialty Collections.

Amongst these may be named IRISES, SINGLE and DOUBLE PÆONIES, PERENNIAL SUNFLOWERS,
MICHAELMAS DAISIES, HELLEBORES, a Graud General Collection of HARDY PERENNIALS
and HARDY BULBOUS PLANTS.

BARR'S GRACEFUL DAFFODILS.



NARCISSUS TRIANDRUS ALBUS (ANGEL'S TEARS). (See page 11.) (Weodeuts from The Gardeners' Chronicle.)

BARR & SON, 12 and 13 King Street, Covent Garden, London.